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VOL. X. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1873. NO. 212.

FIRST EDITION.

THE MODOC CAMPAIGN.

The Hiding Place of the Savages Definitely Known—The Troops Investigating it.

CAMP SOUTH OF TULE LAKE, LAVA BEDS, May 13.—The Modocs are now entrenched in the crater of a butte, or a mass of lava approximating the same, a little southeast of this camp and distant from fifteen to eighteen miles. Captain Hasbranch is camped within watching distance of the enemy with a force of two hundred and ten men, where he awaits the arrival of Col Mason, who yesterday morning started from Jack's old stronghold with a force of one hundred and seventy men and took a southwesterly course. It is intended the two commands shall amalgamate under Col. Mason and hold the Indians at bay until the mortars are forwarded and a scout is made around the southern boundary of the beds. At last accounts the Indians were fortifying their present position, with the evident intention of giving battle the first opportunity.

Lieut. Mason signalled his knowledge of the whereabouts of the Indians this afternoon by way of Jack's old stronghold, and that both himself and Hasbrandk were ordered to obtain favorable positions during the night and make an attack on the enemy at three o'clock to-morrow morning. This news is known to a few only in camp, and therefore has not yet created any excitement.

LAVA BEDS, May 14, A. M.—No certified reports he heard firing in an easterly direction from the camp at an early hour this morning. It is inferred from this that Mason has begun his work.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 16.—A dispatch from Yreka says: J. W. Doten arrived here to-day from Hot Springs valley via Burgettville, having left the former pace on Tuesday last, at which time the Pit River Indians, numbering three hundred warriors, had gathered together in council, having been called by Old Dick, the head chief. Dick is peaceably inclined and very friendly toward the white settlers. They have every confidence in him. He was anxious that the Pit Rivers should move to the east side of Pit river so that they would not be blamed for depredations that might be committed north or west of them. He also wishes he (Dick) know what the result of the Council would be, but some Indians, headed by old Shaver Head, wanted to fight, and talked of putting him out and making some one else chief. Should they do so the settlers might know trouble was brewing. Shaver Head came from there some time ago and went off. Think he has been up to the Lava Beds holding a conference with Captain Jack. Mr. Doten says the settlers were not apprehensive of serious trouble, but the collecting together of such a band at this time looks suspicious.

CRIMES.

The Peafield at Mt. Carrol', Illinois—What Whisky and a Woman Did.

MT. CARROLL, ILLS., May 16.—Joseph O'Neal was hanged a few minutes after 11 o'clock this forenoon in the jail yard, for the murder of Hiram Rexford on the 22d of September last. O'Neal made a written confession of his crime, and says the cause was whisky and a woman. In his confession he declares the innocence of his brother Thomas, who was tried and convicted of the murder of Rexford on the same occasion, but was granted a new trial by the Supreme Court, and is now awaiting trial in the county jail. Thomas O'Neal will be released from custody on the 22d of September next. The execution was witnessed by about one hundred people, but an immense crowd was in attendance on the outside of the jail yard.

Execution of the Murderer Nixon, at New York.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Michael Nixon, who shot Charles A. Piffer in the streets a few months ago, was in the Tombs this morning. Notwithstanding after taking farewell of his family last evening, ate a hearty supper, and remarked: "This is my last night on earth, and I have done what I never did before—taken two cups of coffee." He then prayed with Father Duranquet. At twelve o'clock he went to sleep, and was awakened at five o'clock, and soon afterwards assisted at mass, offered for his special benefit by Father Duranquet. The only words he was heard to utter were, "My Saviour was crucified; this is nothing." At nine Nixon left the cell and walked firmly to the scaffold, Fathers Duranquet and McKenna on either side. He carried a large crucifix, which he repeatedly kissed fervently. On arriving at the scaffold he knelt between the clergymen and repeated the "Lord's Prayer" and "Creed" of the Catholic Church. The rope was then adjusted, and without delay Nixon was launched into eternity. He died apparently easy.

Owing to the disgraceful scenes at the hanging of Foster, Governor Fish suggested that the law could be vindicated in the case of Nixon without gratifying the morbid curiosity of the community, but notwithstanding the suggestions the Tombs prison was crowded with holders of tickets of admission to the execution, issued from the Sheriff's office.

The examination made by the doctors showed that his neck had not been broken, and that death had resulted from strangulation. One of the physicians stated that the sufferings of the unfortunate man must have been extreme.

Poisoning Case at Dayton, Ohio.

DAYTON, OHIO, May 16.—No little excitement prevailed here to-day, caused by the examination of Mrs. Harris and her son, who were tried in Germantown yesterday, charged with poisoning the Hanna family at that place several weeks ago, by placing arsenic in the coffeepot. Although none of the family died, they suffered severely therefrom. It is also charged that Mrs. Earhart, who is seventy-one years of age, has poisoned other members of her family, when bodies are to be exhumed. The case will be brought to this city for trial next term of Court.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, May 17, 1873, 1 A. M.

PROBABILITIES FOR TO-DAY.

For the Middle States and New England—Fair northwesterly to northeasterly winds, rising barometer, cool and generally clear weather. For Canada and New England northwesterly and northerly winds, cool and clear weather, from this to the Atlantic and Gulf states northeasterly and southeasterly winds, rising temperature, clear weather in the former and falling temperature and clear or partly cloudy in the latter. For the Northwest and Upper Lakes and thence southward to the Ohio valley and lower Missouri valleys northeasterly to southeasterly winds, clear and partly cloudy weather. In the Missouri valley northeasterly to southeasterly winds, clear and partly cloudy weather. In the Middle Mississippi valley and thence to Kansas southeasterly winds, falling barometer, cloudy weather and rain.

Midnight Bulletin.

May 16, 1873—10:48 P. M.

	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Cairo	.66	Northeast.	Clear.
Cincinnati, O	.62	North.	Clear.
Davenport	.56	Southeast.	Clear.
Indianapolis, Ind	.55	North.	Clear.
Leavenworth	.67	Northeast.	Cloudy.
Louisville, Ky	.61	Northeast.	Clear.
Memphis, Tenn	.67	Northeast.	Clear.
Nashville, Tenn	.69	Northeast.	Clear.
New Orleans, La	.75	South.	Fair.
Omaha, Nebr	.52	East.	Cloudy.
Pittsburgh, Pa	.52	Northwest.	Clear.
Shreveport, La	.77	East.	Cloudy.
St. Louis, Mo	.62	Northeast.	Fair.
St. Paul, Minn	.56	North.	Clear.
Vicksburg	.75	Northeast.	Clear.
Keokuk	.58	East.	Clear.
La Crosse	.59	Calm.	Fair.
Fort Sully	.56	East.	Cloudy.
Yankton	.56	East.	Cloudy.
Fort Gibson	.70	East.	Thr'tng.

Funeral of a Modoc Victim.

BUFFALO, May 16.—The funeral of Lieut. Sherwood, who was killed in the fight with Modocs was attended this morning by an escort of United States troops from Fort Porter, with United States officers as pall bearers, and a large concourse of citizens and officers of New York State Volunteers. The body of Adjutant Howe, U. S. A., another Modoc victim, will reach here to-night and be buried with military honors on Sunday next.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The ordinance recently passed by the City Council of Chicago, for closing saloons at eleven o'clock, P. M., went into force Thursday night, and was very generally observed. One prominent firm, however, who have several saloons, purposely violated the law in order to test the case in the courts, as they claim, it is believed by its opponents, it will be declared unconstitutional.

Thomas B. Newman, aged seventy-three years, reported to be worth a quarter million dollars, and owner of some most valuable real estate, died on Thursday in a Buffalo hospital, whither he had been removed from the house of J. M. Pavey, on Monday, thirty-seven years. He had no relatives in Buffalo.

At Ottawa, Canada, yesterday, thirty-six horses were destroyed by fire, involving a loss of $150,000.

George William Curtis will fill the pulpit in the Unitarian church, New Brighton, Staten Island, during the absence of the pastor in California.

Charles Mortimer, executed in Sacramento yesterday for the murder of Mary Gibson, was insane or feigned insanity to the last moment. He did not recognize his brother, minister, counsel or any other person. He did not utter a word, and seemed not to comprehend the position. There was no emotion visible on his countenance. He was considered the worst criminal in California.

Legal tenders outstanding yesterday were $355,589,264.

Coe, the forger, has been expelled from the Boston Board of Brokers. Thirty-two thousand dollars worth of bonds are missing from the safe of Coe & Humphrey, the key to which Coe is supposed to have stolen from his brother, while the latter was sick.

At New York, yesterday, Wm. M. Tweed appeared in Court and pleaded not guilty to fifteen indictments found against him in January 20, reserving the right, however, to move to quash.

The fifty-seventh anniversary of the American Bible Society was celebrated at Philadelphia Thursday evening. Addresses were made, including one by Prof. Dr. S. Fellows, of Madison, Wisconsin—It appears that there are three thousand auxiliary bodies in the United States that assist the society. Nine millions of Bibles have been distributed through the agency of the Society, and that it is now sending out daily three thousand Bibles.

Six jurors were obtained yesterday in the case of George Francis Train, at New York.

The New York police have completed the census of places in that city where liquor is sold. Total number, 8,263.

The General Conference of the United Brethren Church reassembled at Dayton, Ohio, yesterday, and after discussion for and against on the exclusion of secret societies from the church adjourned till to-day.

A fire occurred at Grand Rapids, Mich., yesterday involving a loss of $70,000.

A fire at Joliet, Illinois, yesterday morning destroyed eighteen buildings, causing a loss of $40,000. It was the work of an incendiary.

A Roman Catholic church for the exclusive use of colored people will be dedicated in St. Louis next Sunday. Twenty-two Irish and German societies, numbering over ten thousand members, have notified the grand marshal that they will turn out in regalia to the church, and attend the ceremonies.

Hon. John W. Foster, United States Minister to Mexico, arrived in New Orleans yesterday, and will address the Cotton Exchange this evening by invitation and will probably leave on Monday by the steamer for Vera Cruz.

The billiard match for the championship of the United States and diamond cue, at New York, last night, between Maurice Daly and Cyrille Dion, resulted in the success of the former, who scored the 1,500 points to Dion's 1,046. The game occupied five hours.

The inquest in the duel case at Richmond, Va., was concluded last night. The jury found a verdict that Mordecai came to his death by a pistol shot wound inflicted by Mccarty, and that the seconds were accessories thereto. The verdict also censures the surgeons for participating in the affair, deems the surgeons for participating in the affair, and for not giving information to the police in time to prevent it.

PRESBYTERIAL.

Annual Meeting of General Assembly at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, May 16.—At the meeting of the Presbyterian General Assembly to-day records were presented from the Synods of Baltimore, Cleveland, Erie, Albany, Harrisburg, Illinois, Central Iowa, North Iowa, South Kansas, Missouri, Tennessee and New York and the statistical reports were referred to special committee.

The building of manses was recommended, to secure depositories for preserving the history of the church.

The report of the Committee of Thirteen, appointed by the last General Assembly to consider and report to this Assembly whether it was expedient and appropriate that the Presbyterian Church of the United States should take part in the Centennial Celebration of American Independence at Philadelphia in 1876, was read. It says, in substance, that it is appropriate and expedient that the Presbyterian Church of the United States should participate in the Centennial celebration of American Independence and in the International Exposition of 1876, and preparatory thereto it is recommended that several persons be designated to prepare historical discourses to be delivered at such time as may hereafter be appointed. It also suggests the following schedule of periods and subjects for said historical discourses: First, a discourse upon the period from the founding of the church in this country to the commencement of the war of the Revolution; second, from the latter period to the adoption of the Presbyterian form of government, in 1786; third, from the latter period to the present time; fourth, the present condition, prospects, beneficent works, needs and obligations of the church; fifth, education under Presbyterian influences; sixth, historical sketches of the several boards and other agencies established by the General Assembly. The report also recommends that the Assembly request the appropriate committee of the Centennial Commission, who have charge of the buildings, to set apart so much space as may be necessary for an exposition of books published by the Presbyterian Board of Publication, and other works of American Presbyterians, ancient books, etc., relating to Presbyterianism; and that the Board of Publication be authorized to prepare and publish an illustrated volume to commemorate the national centennial. Also, that the first Sabbath in July, 1876, be designated as a day of thanksgiving and prayer to God for the manifest blessings with which he has crowned us as a people; and it is recommended that on that day the pastor of each church under the jurisdiction of the General Assembly deliver a discourse on the history of the church, and that a collection be taken up on that day for the erection of a suitable fire proof building for the Presbyterian Historical Society and for the endowment of said society. The report was made the special order for Monday morning next.

The Committee on Voluntary Societies was not ready to report and was continued till the next Assembly.

The committee to consider the subject of the publication of a periodical for gratuitous circulation reported favorably, and the report was placed on the docket.

Dr. Hendrick Johnson, from the Special Committee of Fifteen appointed at last Assembly to consider the subject of representation in the Assembly, submitted a report, to the effect that while the plan now in use is in some respects unsuitable, a change at present is inexpedient, with the recommendation that the subject be indefinitely postponed. The report was adopted and the committee discharged.

The report of the Committee on Vacancies was read and referred to the Committee on Church Polity.

Rev. R. R. Booth, L. Hitchcock and Hon. Horace Maynard were appointed a committee to consider and report a place for the next meeting of the General Assembly.

Thursday and Friday of next week were designated for hearing delegates from correspondent bodies.

A resolution was offered by Rev. Mr. Lockwood for the appointment of a committee to consider and report upon the term of office of elders, whether they should hold office for life or the rotary system be adopted. Referred to committee on Bills and Overtures. A resolution by Rev. Mr. Redding, relative to what action should be taken by the Church on the use of intoxicating liquors, was referred to the same committee.

Soon after one o'clock P. M. the Convention adjourned and engaged in religious exercises.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

The Erie Investigation—Report of the New York Legislative Committee.

ALBANY, May 16.—The Erie Committee of the House made their report this morning. They find that the dividend was warranted by the earnings of the road. They commend the action of Mr. Watson, condemn the buying out of the old Directors, and find that Mr. Sickles did not honor his office by his action in that matter. No law that the committee can recommend at this late day of the session will reach the entire case, and they do not take the liberty to suggest that in their opinion the relief will be found in some enlightened system of general railroad legislation, regulating rates of transportation, prohibiting the issue of fictitious stocks, and punishing with heavy penalties the misappropriation of funds of companies by the managers thereof, whether to their personal uses or to corruply influence legislation affecting their interest. There should also be enacted some uniform system for the keeping of railroad accounts and the manner of declaring dividends. So that while on the one hand stockholders may share in the action profits, on the other hand the obligations of the companies shall not be increased from year to year by loans to make good fictitious statements of net earnings.

On one subject at least, the committee believe that legislation should be had without delay. There is now, under the existing statute, authority no security to stockholders in regard to the leasing of the road by another. A majority of the Board of Directors may, without the consent of their stockholders, lease for such period of years and upon such terms as would be equivalent to the consolidation of interests. Your committee believe that some proper restriction is necessary, not only to protect the public, but the railroad interest, and that no railroad shall be at liberty not to one company alone, but should be general in its scope. They have therefore prepared and present in connection with their report, a bill regulating the leases of connecting roads and prohibiting the purchase of competing parallel lines. The bill is entitled "An act to regulate the leasing of railroads," and provides that such leases may be made by roads entirely constructed and in immediate connection and continuous line, but not of parallel or of competing lines. Stringent provisions are then made as to how the leases shall be effected, which require that the agreement shall be submitted to the stockholders of each of the companies at a special meeting held for the purpose, and if three-fourths of all the stockholders ballot in favor of it, the lease shall become valid.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

Agriculture, Manufactures, &c.—Rate of Interest—Salaries of Members.

In the Constitutional Convention, Thursday afternoon, the first section of the article on agriculture, manufactures, &c., was discussed in committee, Mr. Cuyler in the chair. It fixes the legal rate of interest at seven per cent. Without action the committee rose and the Convention took a recess.

Yesterday Mr. Patton offered a resolution requesting the Committee on Legislation to report a clause declaring invalid all laws exempting property from levy and sale. Referred.

A resolution raising a special committee to fix the salaries of members of legislature, introduced by Mr. Perry, of Blair, led to an excited debate, in which it was stated that the State Treasury had already paid out eighty thousand dollars to the members without any vouchers, except the honor of delegates, and was willing to advance the sum of one thousand dollars to each member, and no more, until the meeting of the legislature. Several members declared that the amount named would not pay them for the time expended in the work, much less reimburse them for private losses in business and other legitimate expenses.

Mr. White, of Indiana, moved to postpone indefinitely. He had determined for himself not to take any as a State member of the Convention, because when appointed he was a member of the State Senate; but he really thought there was time enough to fix salaries a month hence. The motion to postpone indefinitely was lost—ayes 19, nays 58, and the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Boyd moved that the Convention adjourn *sine die* on the 3d of July next. Lost—55 nays to 26 ayes.

The Convention then resumed the consideration of the report on agriculture, mining, &c., but without disposing of the question of rate of interest, the committee rose and the Convention took a recess.

List of Patents.

Following is a list of patents issued from the United States Patent Office to citizens of the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, for the week ending May 13, 1873, furnished for the COMMERCIAL from the office of J. M. Read & Co., solicitors-at-law and solicitors for American and foreign patents, No. 513 Seventh street, Washington, D. C.:

PENNSYLVANIA.

Lubricator—H. W. Regan, Renovo.
Animal Trap—D. J. Owen, Springville.
Pipe Tool for Oil Wells—J. H. Lauber, Petroleum Center.
Rock and Ore Crusher—C. Forster, Pittsburgh.
Balanced Slide Valves—A. O. Frick, Waynesborough.
Feather Renovator—W. L. Groff, Mahanoy City.
Washing Machine—D. W. Heffrich, Corry.
Dry Goods Stand—J. J. Bisel, Williamsport.
Stirrer for Malt Kilns—E. Schmidt, Pittsburgh.
Hemmer for Sewing Machines—E. Booth, Great Bend.
Lever Cider Press—H. Peters, Penn township.
Composition for Kindling Fires—J. C. Crispton, Allegheny.
Fanning Mill—J. W. Johnson, Port Treverton.
Self-tempering Torpedo—S. A. Briggs, Tidioute.
Saw Tooth—J. E. Emerson, Beaver Falls.
Horse Hay Fork—L. Haverstick, Manor township.

OHIO.

Hand Corn Planter—H. Gortner, Nashport.
Iron Front for Stone Piers—J. Abbott, Canton.
Nut Lock—L. J. Miller, Orrville.
Refrigerator—J. Emery, Jr., Webster.
Lubricator—W. Morris, Dayton.
Machine for Turning Pulleys—G. A. Gray, Jr., Hamilton.
Hydraulic Wheel Presses—To same person.
Bed Bottom—M. A. Hunt, Cincinnati.
Ventilating Water Closet Bowls—J. V. Mathivet, Cleveland.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Washing Machine—G. W. Fagaines, Shelby.
Broadcast Seeder—J. D. Huffman, Loudon.
Gas Apparatus—J. W. Brow, Barrville.
Brick Machine—J. Hotchkin and P. N. Wollston, Springfield.
Key Fastener—W. Neracher, Cleveland.
Middlings Separator—R. P. Jones, Springfield.
Screw Forming Machine—W. A. McCool, Ashland.
Work Box—W. Brace, Washingtonville.
Re-issue.
Stuffing for Mattresses—F. A. Lane, Cleveland.

Manufacture of Pianos and Organs—Steinway—Burdett.

Among the many hundreds of Piano and Organ manufacturers there are *two* who have gained a national and world wide reputation for their superior skill and inventive genius; and who are looked up to by all the rest as leaders and models to work and take pattern by. These two are the great Steinway piano firm, and the ingenious *Burdett* organ manufacturers. To possess either a Steinway piano or a Burdett organ is the darling wish of every musical student, fully convinced, as are the latter, that it is much easier thing to become a good performer on the use of a Steinway piano or a Burdett organ than when hampered by the imperfect mechanism and impure tones of other makes. When it is considered that these two famous brands are the only ones that will sell on honorable terms, requiring no actually *force* their intrinsic merits—requiring no actually *force* their intrinsic merits—requiring no actually *force* their intrinsic merits—

The Daily Commercial.

SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1873.

POSSIBLY General VAN BUREN, the displaced United States Commissioner to the Vienna Exposition, may not have been cognizant of or implicated in the misdeeds of his subordinates; but it is quite certain that the passionate billingsgate which he has seen fit to employ in framing his vindication, will not tend to create such an impression among ordinary people. He "protests too much," and too coarsely.

THE New York Court of Appeals has just rendered a very important decision, affirming a judgement of the Courts below, to the effect that although the United States may accept a bequest of personal property from a deceased person, no will bequeathing land belonging to the estate of a deceased person in that State to the United States can be maintained, nor can the United States take possession of land so bequeathed.

IN anticipation of the discontinuance of the office of United States Assessor, the law abolishing which goes into effect on the 20th instant, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue has created a new Division in his Bureau, to be known as the Division of Assessments. The work of making assessments, done heretofore by Assessors, will hereafter be performed at Washington upon data furnished from the respective districts by Collectors and others.

AN EFFORT, it is understood will be made at the present session of the Presbyterian General Assembly in Baltimore to unite the Presbyterians of the North with those of the South. The separate organization of the latter grew out of the war for slavery; and that cause of trouble being removed, and there being no doctrinal differences to decide, there would seem to be no occasion for the longer maintenance of two separate organizations.

THE Missouri *Republican* will have to be taken in hand by the *Post*. Here is one of the former paper's latest utterances.

"We do not ourselves say that negro suffrage is a failure. So far from it, we are prepared to accord to it the merit of surprisingly successful working."

When our neighbor has finished his labor of love in eulogizing the "honesty" of the perjured and traitorous leader of the slaveholder's rebellion (*vide* its issue of yesterday), an exposure of the heresies of its western contemporary will be in order.

IT WOULD almost seem as if the vast war indemnity paid to Germany by France had been productive of more harm than good to the recipient. As million after million poured into the country, the proverbial shrewdness and caution of the phlegmatic Teutons appear to have given place to a wild rage for speculation that started pretty nearly everybody to the stock market; which insane eagerness threatens to culminate in a financial crash, similar to that of 1825 in England, and those of 1837 and 1857 in our own country. And so the meaning of the good old motto, "Go slow," receives another pithy emphasizing.

THERE is only one place where the money grabbed by the back-pay swindle will stick, and that is in the pockets of the grabbers. Their efforts to give it away are unsuccessful. A preacher in Minnesota to whom his Congressman sent $75 of it, indignantly returned it; one of the counties in FARNSWORTH'S district returned to the National Treasury the amount which he sent them as their share of it; and now the New York Board of Education, to which ROOSEVELT sent his share to be distributed in prizes to the scholars has refused to accept it. Uncle Sam is the only one willing to take such gifts, and he takes them because the money was first improperly taken from him.

THE papers of the great grain growing districts of the West continue to report that the spring has been most favorable for the putting in of wheat, and that a greatly increased breadth has been planted. The crop will probably be a very heavy one. The plants are remarkably thrifty, and the principal danger seems to be that they will grow too rank, so that much will "lodge" and be injured or destroyed by wet weather about harvest time. It is altogether certain, now, that the export demand for American wheat will be very heavy during the coming year. Farmers, therefore, need entertain no apprehension of a dull market. Their wheat will be all wanted at good prices. Their chief trouble will arise from insufficient means of transportation.

pace with the various Conventions and Conferences of one kind and another which are now being held, so fast do they follow on each other's heels. *A Convention of the Master* Railroad Engineers and Mechanics of the United States, some of whose members have been in preliminary session in Baltimore for some days past, is to assemble in New York city to-day. The best mechanical and utilitarian talent in the country—possibly in the whole world—will be embraced in the Convention, which is called for the consideration of plans and problems relating to improvements in the construction of railroads, cars, wheels, boilers, brakes, and other matters pertaining to the most progressive mechanical industry of the age.

AS A MATTER of current news we yesterday mentioned the fact that a member of the New York Legislature a few days ago charged in open session that the Cornell University was built from a portion of the proceeds of the Credit Mobilier fraud in the agricultural lands of the State, of which Mr. CORNELL was the head, and that the University was founded and endowed solely to direct public attention from the steal. These charges are now denied in detail by Mr. CORNELL, who has come forward with the utmost promptitude and demanded of Governor DIX the immediate appointment of an impartial Commission to investigate the accusations in the most rigid manner and report publicly forthwith. The purpose of the attack seems to have been to destroy confidence in a prosperous and useful public institution—a more shameful motive than which it would be difficult to find.

THERE is at least one man in St. Louis who has his wits about him. Instead of joining with the late Convention in efforts to find a cheap way to markets four thousand miles off, he writes to the *Democrat* that he thinks they had better try to find a market at home. Hear him:

"The idea that encouragement should be offered to increase the production of grain for shipment twelve to fifteen hundred miles to the seaboard, and thence 5,000 miles to a foreign market, presents a phase of folly that is difficult to comprehend. The great want in this country is diversified industry. We want consumers placed alongside of the producer, thereby creating a home market. If the people and their representatives were fully cognizant of the ruinous policy of growing grain for exports, they would never engage in it. All the manufacturing industries known among men should be encouraged. Subsidies might with great propriety be granted in aid of manufacturing. One hundred million dollars expended in the Mississippi valley in manufacturing would be worth more to the country than double the sum invested in railroads and other schemes of removing snags and sand obstructions at the Balize."

THE newly appointed Fish Commissioners of this State are making preparations for work. This summer they will devote their principal attention to the propagation of shad in the Susquehanna river. Nothing will be done on the Delaware this season, the New Jersey Legislature having failed to make an appropriation. This project of restocking the waters of the State with choice varieties of fish does not seem to be as generally appreciated or understood as it ought to. It seems to be looked upon as an experiment, or a movement in the interest of amateur fishermen, rather than as a practical question of much value in political economy. But it is really of great importance to the masses. The State will derive no revenue from this source, but it will to a considerable extent help to solve the question of cheap food, furnish remunerative employment to many, increase the value of property in the vicinity of stocked waters, and add thousands of dollars to their productive value.

ADVANCE sheets of the report of th eBureau of Statistics for the month ended December 31, 1872, and for the calendar year ended the same, have been received. According to this report the total value of foreign commodities remaining in warehouse December 31, 1872, was $68,109,926, against $68,963,932 for the corresponding period for 1871. During the year ended December 31, 1872, the imports exceeded the domestic and foreign exports combined, to the amount of $94,271,775, while for the corresponding period of 1871 the excess of imports over exports was $62,976,962. The report also contains statistics of immigration for the quarter ended December 31, 1872. The total number of immigrants was 80,227, of whom 50,729 were males and 38,398 females, representing 220 different occupations. An elaborate and valuable table follows, showing the foreign trade of the United States, by months and calendar years, from 1868 to 1872, inclusive, distinguishing the amounts imported and exported at the Atlantic and Pacific ports, and also distinguishing the specie and bullion from the merchandise.

QUACK doctors are not, as a class, addicted to taking the nostrums which they commend with so much confidence to their dupes. Here, is the New Orleans *Picayune*, the principal organ of the Louisiana "Tax Resisters," which, from the first hour of the installation of the legal government has frantically urged upon the malcontents the imperative duty of refusing to pay the State and county taxes assessed by that authority. Its own assessment was about seven thousand dollars, and the paper refusing to pay it, the establishment was duly advertised for sale, a fact which we noted at the time. It now appears, however, that before the day of sale arrived, the amount of the assessment was quietly paid to the Collector, the *Picayune* thus virtually conceding the legality of the government which it had daily denounced as an usurpation. Of course discretion is sometimes the better part of valor; but what can be more despicable than for a self-assumed leader in resistance to lawful authority, after goading its followers almost to madness by its frenzied counsels, upon the first intimation of danger to its own carcass to turn tail and run away?

THERE must be something wrong. The Democratic party in Pennsylvania has been beaten often enough and severely enough to render it harmonious in spirit and lamb-like in quietness: yet here are two prominent papers in Schuylkill and Berks counties, kicking up behind and before in the most obstreperous way. The Pottsville *Standard*, for instance, talks in this undemocratic style:

"We do not advocate the breaking down of party lines, but rather their firm maintenance, tempered with an honest independence of thought and action that will not lend itself to a wrong. Discretion in the use of the franchise is constantly demanded, and we insist that when by fortuitous event an unworthy candidate gets prominence in a party, every honest voter and good man in that party owes it to himself and his party organization to bury him beyond political resurrection, beneath a pile of indignant ballots, lest he bring reproach upon the party name. In other words, when party chimes with propriety, when caucuses present proper candidates, we say stick firmly to party; but just as soon as manipulation, dodge and trick so direct the primaries and conventions as to bring improper names before the public, then seek the best man for the place, even if you have to seek for him in the ranks of the other party. Remember that some good can come out of Nazareth."

Does this mean that if RANDALL gets the Democratic nomination for State Senator in Schuylkill, the *Standard* will help to bury him beneath a pile of indignant ballots? It *must* mean that, or nothing.

The Reading *Eagle*, said to be the Democratic bible of Berks county, quotes this approvingly: says it likes to see the Democratic papers speak out boldly, and then proceeds to quote, with a like approval, the following from the *Jefferson Democrat*, the German Democratic organ of Schuylkill, which, it says, is striking in the right direction:

"Senator Wallace, of Clearfield county, has been appointed Vice President of the Southern Pacific Railroad, whose President is the well known railroad king, Tom Scott. Mr. Wallace will probably now resign his seat in the State Senate, and some of our Democratic exchanges break forth in touching lamentations because, forsooth, our party will loose the services of such an able man. We must confess that we contemplate the retirement of Mr. Wallace with a good deal of equanimity. For a number of years, as Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, he has 'misled" our party—his election campaigns regularly ended in defeat. That he was on intimate terms with the great corporation to an extent unbecoming a Democratic Senator, is evidenced by his appointment as Vice President of the southern Pacific Railroad, which is controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad. Such leaders the Democratic party of Pennsylvania can spare very well. If only Mr. Wallace would take a few others of his kind, like Bill McMullin, Sam. Josephs, &c., along with him to Texas or California—or wherever else his duties may call him—he would render us good service."

This is very unkind and unfraternal, and it saddens us to read it. Such things read very strangely in Democratic papers. If WALLACE and RANDALL, and all who sympathize with them, are to be read out of the Democratic party, how much of that party will be left to carry on its depleted existence?

A WEEK or two ago we mentioned the fact that the Chicago and Northwestern and the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railways had agreed to pool their earnings from now till 1880, by which union over $100,000,000 of capital and the control of three thousand miles of railway were placed in the hands of a single corporation. The proposition, we observe, is looked upon with much disfavor and suspicion by the people of the sections embraced. From their location these roads should be competitors instead of allies, and it is very naturally feared that the agreement means considerably increased rates of transportation in the not distant future. The "granges" of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota are protesting most earnestly against the consolidation, but it will probably be without avail.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Horace Greeley once remarked that the genius of and that the silence of a paper was oftentimes more helpful to the community than anything it published. If the *Post* were to observe this suggestion it would cease a blank sheet.

New York papers give a very discouraging view of the tea trade in that city. According to them, there exists considerable depression, attended with some anxiety to sell, and one of the effects recently and consequently visible, is recorded in the failure of a tea house in New York, with liabilities stated at $151,700, and assets of $30,000 below that amount. The primary cause of this unfavorable state of the market would seem to be over importation.

Eighteen carloads of ammunition were received a few days since at the Rock Island Arsenal. It came from Baton Rouge, and will be followed shortly by an equal amount from Pensacola. Most of the stock was captured from the rebels.

The New York *Express* says that in twenty years $25,000,000 have been sunk in futile efforts to establish daily newspapers, a hundred of which have been born and died within that period. That would give a million and a quarter for each year.

Emigrants from Norway and Sweden are fast coming into the United States, and are already becoming an important and valuable element in the population of many of our States. There is a large Norwegian colony in Minnesota, and an effort is now being made to attract the best of that immigration to Maine, and also to the line of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

A South Carolina planter, who devoted his entire plantation, comprising fifty-seven acres to the raising of cotton, reports, as the result of the experiments, a profit of 66 per cent.

The largest class of "plebes" ever seen at West Point are under orders to report at the Military Academy during the last week of the present month. The vacancies consequent upon the graduation of the first class in June, and the casualties of the past year amount to between seventy and eighty, and the new apportionment and increase of Congressional districts have added fifty new cadets to the academy, all of whom are appointed for the present year.

Some newspaper proprietors of London have been conferring on their inability to be sued for libelous reports. They do not ask for exemption from responsibility, but that the law may give the newspapers the right to sue the speaker of the libel for the amount of the damages and costs. This seems reasonable enough.

Lake Mahopac is to be the site of a new Musical and Art College. It is to bear the name of a wealthy and public spirited New York gentleman who has put it a munificent endowmment.

The gypsies are becoming a nuisance in parts of New England. The Worcester *Spy* contains a proclamation from the Mayor ordering these people to break up their camps in the suburbs of the city and forbidding all persons to rent ground to them for camping purposes.

The committee appointed to investigate the charge of sectarianism against the Michigan University, report that the charge is a mistaken one, and that the University's religious teachings are simply those of a liberal and enlightened Christianity.

A citizen of New York recently gave the United States in his will half a million dollars toward the payment of the national debt, but the Courts of that State declare the bequest invalid.

The public library built by William Cullen Bryant at Cummington, Mass., is completed, and the books will be moved into it as soon as the snow drifts have subsided sufficiently to permit their transportation.

Michigan is to have a new insane asylum at a cost of $400,000, and the State becomes the trustee of the insane. Statistics on the subject of inebriation are to be gathered by a special Commission, and the whole question of the causes of crime and prison management is to be thoroughly investigated.

Since the wreck of the Dixon bridge it has been discovered that some important portions of the structure, which should have been of the best of wrought-iron, were cast iron; and that, where the trusses were fastened to the iron uprights at the shore ends, and there should have been strong iron bolts, the bolt holes had been filled with putty, then pulverizing, and painted to resemble bolt-heads.

Postmasters have been instructed that all letters must be prepaid by at least a three cent stamp, except letters dropped in postoffices in large cities to be sent to adjacent cities within a distance of three miles, when, if prepaid at only drop-letter rates, it can be transmitted and the balance collected from the person to whom it is addressed.

A nice place for a summer pic-nic. The snow was still so deep in Hawley, Mass, that a road had to be dug for thirty rods, four feet deep. May 6th, to get to the burial yard to bury a person.

The Mayor of Cincinnati has issued orders to the police to close every gambling house in the city, and see to it that they remain closed. The enforcement of the order, he says, must be immediate, impartial and rigid.

A correspondent suggests very sensibly that the people in country neighborhoods who know useful things which are unknown to those living about them should form classes and impart their knowledge. An Arcadian plan truly.

There is a supposition in Maryland to own much of the territory that joins her. The State Attorney-General, at a recent meeting of the Maryland Historical Society, alleged that Maryland, of right, owned Philadelphia, and that their State was short 500,000 acres of ground.

The historic portion of Boston is now almost without a church edifice, only four remaining there, one Episcopal, one Roman Catholic and one Baptist.

AT THE recent meeting of the Fish Commission, one in Harrisburg, it was decided to proceed at once to the discharge of their duties under the law. The New Jersey Legislature having failed to make an appropriation, nothing will be done this season in the Delaware river, but they purpose to deposit in the Susquehanna sufficient ova to produce 40,000,000 shad next season. Seth Green, inventor of the shad hatching boxes, is expected in Harrisburg soon, when one of his boxes will be placed in the river above the Columbia dam, and several of them below.

THE SUPREME COURT.

List of Causes from Western Counties to be Argued Next Week.

The following is a list of the cases from the counties of Center, Juniata, Mifflin, Huntingdon and Blair, to be argued next week:

Commonwealth vs. Wertz—Certiorari to Quarter Sessions, Blair county.

Hammond vs. Denuiston, Porter & Co.—Error to Common Pleas, Blair county.

Wappies vs. Foster et al.—Error to Common Pleas, Center county.

Wappies appeal—Appeal from Common Pleas, Center county.

Zerby vs. Metz—Error to Common Pleas, Huntingdon county.

Hicks vs. Moyer—Error to Common Pleas, Huntingdon county.

Hyle et al. vs. Commonwealth for use, etc.—Error to Common Pleas, Blair county.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company vs. Williams—Error to Common Pleas, Blair county.

Hammond vs. First National Bank of Mount Joy—Error to Common Pleas, Blair county.

Derr vs. Greenawalt et al.—Error to Common Pleas, Lebanon county.

Weston vs. Johnston—Error to Common Pleas, Huntingdon county.

Catharine Township Road—Certiorari to Quarter Sessions, Blair county.

Broad Street Road—Certiorari to Quarter Sessions, Blair county.

Stonebecker's appeal—Appeal from Orphans' Court, Center county.

Beany vs. Leamer—Error to Common Pleas, Juniata county.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company vs. Beale—Error to Common Pleas, Juniata county.

Miller & Wharton's appeal—Appeal from Common Pleas, Huntingdon county.

Mckee vs. Mifflin and Center County Railroad Company—Error to Common Pleas, Mifflin county.

Lewis vs. Kahler—Error to Common Pleas, Huntingdon county.

Ake's appeal—Appeal from Orphan's Court, Blair county.

Confer vs. Neal—Error to Common Pleas, Blair county.

Murdock et al. vs. Brotherline—Error to Common Pleas, Blair county.

Hill vs. Hill—Error to Common Pleas, Blair county.

Cove Forge vs. Ætna Iron Works Road—Certiorari to Quarter Sessions, Blair county.

Brotherline vs. Swires—Error to Common Pleas, Blair county.

American Life Insurance Company vs. Isett—Error to Common Pleas, Blair county.

Wilson vs. Martin—Error to Common Pleas, Juniata county.

Moist's Administrators' appeal—Appeal from Orphans Court, Mifflin county.

Appeal of Sheban et al.—Appeal from Common Pleas, Mifflin county.

Coleman vs. M'Clamant & Co.—Error to Common Pleas, Mifflin county.

PERSONAL.

President Grant expects to visit Governor Smyth, at Manchester, N. H., in July, and to prolong his trip to the Soldiers' Home near Augusta, Me.

Bailey, the funny man of the Danbury *News* is about to take a trip to California.

A nice little bit of luck is reported in the St. Joe *Gazette*. A few days since a lad named John Mosman, whose father was executed for desertion at Fort Leavenworth when Johnny was a baby, being hired by a farmer near St. Joe, went out one day for the cows. In digging for a piece of sassafras root he hit upon a kettle and found that it contained money. He lugged his treasure home, and a count being made it was found that the kettle contained the neat little sum of $6,000 all in silver and gold. Johnny must be a sensible lad, for he has taken his money up to Omaha, proposing to educate himself with part of it and to go into business with the remainder.

Captain Jack is said to have a credit of $800 in the Yreka bank.

Bishop Doane, of Albany, sailed for England on May 14, to examine into the organization of English cathedrals, and to prepare some practical plan for a development of a similar system in this country.

The *British Quarterly* puts George Eliot, as a novelist, above Sir Walter Scott. "She paints with Miss Austen's unerring truth and accuracy, and with Sir Walter's masculine breadth. Where are there in George Eliot's stories such fantastic and unreal figures as Fenella, in 'Peveril of the Peak,' or Meg Merrilies, in 'Guy Mannering?'"

The scandalous report concerning Chevalier Lobo, the Portuguese Minister, and his contracted tenancy of a house in Washington is now stated to have originated in a refusal on his part to be victimized by one of the extortionate landlords or landladies who abound in the National capital, and to whom members of the diplomatic corps often become an easy prey.

Prince Bismarck is a great consumer of lager beer, introducing it in his dwelling house in small kegs, which are on tap at all hours of the day and night, and on all occasions.

Josiah W. Begole, of Flint, Mich., is in trouble. To be more definite, Josiah has been arrested for stealing. He has been cutting down and carrying off 400,000 feet of lumber from government lands in Lapeer county, and a United States timber agent has taken him into custody. What of it? Nothing, only Josiah W. Begole is a Representative in the Congress of the United states from the Sixth district of Michigan.

One of the most noted Congressional characters at St. Louis Convention is the Hon. Wm. Crutchfield, of Chattanooga, a sort of modernized Davy Crockett, and famous throughout the southwest for the bold defiance he threw at Jeff. Davis, when that extinguished light was suffering an ovation at Chattanooga on his way to assume the Executive Chair of the new-born Confederacy. Capt. Crunchfield, as he is generally called, became a partisan ranger after hostilities began and did good service for the Union side. He is now a large trader and has been elected Representative of the Chattanooga district in Congress. He pronounces for the general improvement of the Western and Southern rivers, including the Tennessee, as one of the ways of checking the rapacity of the railways, and wants the government to shoulder the expense of erecting the levees along the Mississippi and take the profits, either in the general increase of wealth and prosperity, or in any specific manner that will not become a burden on any special industries.

STATE POLITICS.

W. F. Wagonseller are announced as Republican candidates for State Senator in Snyder county. Other announcements are as follows: Associate Judge, B. L. Rardenbush; District Attorney, L. N. Myers; Prothonotary, S. R. Schurch; Commissioner, Ferdinand Jones. The county committee meets to-day.

It is now authoritatively stated that Col. William B. Mann, of Philadelphia, will not be a candidate for Judge of the Common Pleas in case of the election of Judge PARSON to the Supreme Court of the State. The *Sunday Republic* says that John Dolman, a gentleman of excellent reputation, is generally spoken of as likely to be chosen should a vacancy occur.

The editor of the Altoona *Tribune* writes: "To good men the salary is not exorbitant, and in order to get good, honest, competent men, let the people take the matter of nominations into their own hands. They have the power to regulate this affair, and the place to do it is at the primary elections. Attend to these and send proper men as delegates to conventions, and good men to congressional conferences, and we will soon have good men in Congress." This latter bit of advice is entirely disinterested, perhaps; but the man who gives it is, if it is whispered, himself a candidate for Congress.

The Cambria County Democratic Committee will meet in Ebensburg on June 25.

The Venango *Citizen* says: A little over two weeks intervene before the Republican primary election. The contest for the nomination as candidates for Treasurer and County Commissioner is warming up considerably, while for Assembly Hon. R. H. McCreary has a clear field. He has made an excellent Representative and it is the rule to return members of the Assembly for a second term, where their course has given satisfaction to the people. For Jury Commissioner, Auditor and Coroner, no announcements have been made. These are all very important and responsible positions, and it is of the greatest importance that competent men should be nominated and elected.

The Forest County Republican Committee will hold a meeting in Tionesta on the 27th inst.

The Democratic County Convention will meet in Uniontown on Monday next. The primary elections will be held to-day.

STATE NEWS.

A seven-year-old son of S. G. Geyer, residing near Rothsville, Lancaster county, was thrown off by a runaway horse, a few days ago, and almost instantly killed.

Reading's famous Ringgold Band has been disorganized, and their instruments sold to an Allentown band.

A little girl in Pittstown pulled part of her tongue off the other day, with a lemon drop.

Berks county at the last census had 58,448 males and 53,253 females.

Snyder county has thrown down the gauntlet to Lancaster. A goose with four perfect legs was recently hatched there, but it died in a few days.

The corner-stone of a new Evangelical church will be laid in New Berlin, Union county, to-morrow.

The Selinsgrove *Times* says: On Saturday evening last a serious affair occurred in this place, the facts of which are about as follows: Kemer Fisher had gone from home on pretense of being absent several weeks, but, unexpectedly to his wife, he returned late Saturday evening, when he took her and S. P. Wenrich by surprise. He shot at Wenrich, the ball grazing his face, after which they clinched. Wenrich used a knife, and made several extended cuts across Fisher's back, cutting his clothes and also cutting him in the side and under his chin, and finally made his escape without hat or boots. He went to a neighbor's and borrowed a hat and boots, and then went to a Justice and asked to be bound over, his brother becoming his security. On Tuesday, however, he was taken to Middleburg and lodged in jail.

The Titusville *Courier* publishes a beautiful poem entitled "On the Town," as coming from the pen of "J. P. Kibourn." It appeared first in the *Golden Age* about two years ago, and was written by Richard H. Stoddard.

Dickson, the fiend who committed the outrage on little Maggie Heckman, in Cambria county, last Saturday, was fully identified by his victim on Thursday, and committed for trial.

Mount Joy, Lancaster county, has a new paper—the *Star*.

Hugh Rogers, employed in a coal mine at Johnstown, was fatally hurt by a fall of coal on Thursday.

Miss Dora Vanvoorhes shot herself on the 8th inst., at the residence of her father, in Dunkard township, Greene county, inflicting a wound which will prove fatal. She intended to commit suicide, and assigns as a reason that she was tired of life. She is about seventeen years old.

Incident of the Dixon Bridge Disaster.

Perhaps it would not be right to be amused by anything connected with the frightful Dixon disaster, but the voluble and graphic statement made by a woman who escaped is at least interesting as a study of feminine philology. "In the twinkling of an eye," she said, "there was a tremendous crash and we were all spilled out." "In the midst of it," the lady went on to say, "I went into the water with a thud. I went down with my mouth open, screaming. I think I must have struck bottom. From the time I was spilled out I was dragged more and more seemed to me three hours. My 'back hair is gone among the rest; I shan't advertise it; the finder is welcome to it, I am sure." Is it little wonder that a vivid narrative for a woman just out of the jaws of death? Somewhat more serious was the statement made by Dr. Hoffman to the reporter of the Chicago *Tribune*. His description of the sensation of drowning is curious: "I was greatly astonished at the number of events that passed through my mind while under the water. Nothing that occurred during childhood was evidently forgotten which has occurred since I was about nineteen years old appeared before me as if photographed. Even what was rejected by the Doctor says. "The sudden transition from the beatific state in the water to the dry land seemed to have a bad effect upon me, and made me indifferent to what was going on around me." Something analogous to this is related by De Quincey out of his own experience.

An immense light has just been put up in the tower of St. Stephen's at London, for the purpose of indicating to members of Parliament when the House is sitting. It is of such a luminosity that it may be seen in all parts of the city, even through the murky atmosphere characteristic of the British Capital.

The Atlanta (Ga.) *Herald* expresses a sincere belief that the short, quick work which Sherman made in his march to the sea was the most humane way to close up the struggle.

No Postponement.

It is not wise to put off until the heats of summer have commenced the invigorating process which would have secured the system in advance, against this untoward influence. By toning the stomach, liver and bowels in the spring months with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and continuing to take this harmless but powerful vegetable invigorant during the summer, it is quite certain that even persons who are naturally delicate and deficient in vital force may escape the fits of indigestion, headache, nausea, biliousness nervous debility and mental oppression which in the absence of such preparation, often prostrate and agonize the more robust. A pure stimulant, medicated with the juices of the finest tonic, anti-bilious and aperient roots and herbs, as an invaluable boon to the weak and ailing, and this life-sustaining boon in the form of Hostetter's Bitters, is fortunately within the reach of all.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1873....$778,251 56.
Chartered in 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.
D. E. M'KINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. J. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

NUTRINA!!!
1. It Cooks in less time than crushed wheat.
2. It is more quickly digested.
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GET IT OF YOUR GROCER.

PAPOMA!!!
Indorsed by many eminent physicians of Pittsburgh and elsewhere. Food for INFANTS and INVALIDS. Remember that Starch is not food. It must be converted into Dextrine either in the stomach or by mechanical means. Our process saves the stomach this labor, as well as preserves the whole of the wheat.
Get it of Your Grocer or Druggist.
Nutrio Manufacturing Co.,
1520 SOUTH NINTH STREET,
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Spring Styles
Silk, Cassimere, Fur and Wool
HATS,
SILK AND CLOTH
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LATEST NOVELTIES
IN MARKET, AT
PALMER'S HAT HOUSE,
151 WOOD ST.
FURNITURE
At Reduced Prices.
J. W. WOODWELL & SONS,
97, 99 and 101 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PARLOR, LIBRARY, CHAMBER, DINING ROOM, HALL and OFFICE
Furniture
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
OPENING
OF
SUMMER MILLINERY,
42 NORTH DIAMOND, Allegheny City.
C. BEGGS.
P. S.—Being constantly in receipt of the LATEST PARIS FASHIONS, and having secured competent Dress Makers, we make LADIES' DRESSES and SUITS to order. Also our New Pendleton, Felisse Jacket and Polonaise.
☞ Ladies, please give us a call.
LONG & SON,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTERS,
Will Remove on April 1st, to
No. 34 Smithfield Street,
SECOND FLOOR, OPPOSITE CENTRAL HOTEL.
TREES, PLANTS, SEEDS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Small Fruits, Evergreens, Seed Potatoes, Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Green House and Bedding Plants, Cut Flowers in every design.
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112 SMITHFIELD STREET.
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DIRECTOR,
PENNSYLVANIA.
OFFICES REMOVED TO DIAMOND ST., CORNER OF CHERRY ALLEY, Pittsburgh.
NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
193 LIBERTY ST.,
FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF
Marbleized Mantels,
Of Various Designs, Sizes and Colors.
HOT AIR FURNACES, for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal or Coke.
COOKING RANGES, New and Desirable Patterns.
CHEAPEST FIRE GRATE, saving 30 to 40 Per Cent. of Coal.
STOVES—Parlor, Parlor and Office Stoves, good as the best.
HOT AIR REGISTERS AND REGISTER VENTILATORS, FRONTS, GRATES AND FENDERS.
Wholesale and Retail Price List on application.
JAMES OLD.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.
Take notice that Letters testamentary with the Will annexed of JOHN F. KIRKPATRICK, deceased, have this day been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will please present them, properly attested, and persons indebted to said estate will please call and settle with Wm. H. Kirkpatrick, at No. 339 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., third floor, up stairs.
WM. H. KIRKPATRICK,
CHARLES W. ROBB,
Executors.
Pittsburgh, May 14, 1873.

FOR SALE—
ONE BUCK WAGON (new).
OSCAR F. LAMM,
155 Liberty street.

FOR RENT
WAREHOUSE,
No. 311 LIBERTY STREET,
Lately occupied by LINDSAY, STERRIT & CO.
tf Inquire at 247 Liberty street

MERCHANT TAILOR.
B. TIEGEL,
No. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Spring and Summer Wear, AT LOWEST PRICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.
In the Matter of JOSEPH K. SMITH and DAVID A. HILL, Bankrupts, No. 1,473 in Bankruptcy.
Notice is hereby given, that a Third General Meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupts will be held at No. 98 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, in said district, on the 2nd day of JUNE, A. D., 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Samuel Higbee, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purpose named in the 27th and 28th sections of the Bankrupt Act of March 2d, 1867.
JOHN W. WILEY, Assignee.

CANDIDATES.
☞ FOR CORONER—
W. C. COOKE,
Of Allegheny City, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d*
☞ FOR ASSEMBLY—
Middle District, outside of City.
HARRY W. HORBACH,
Late Captain Co. H, 83d Reg. P. V., Wilkins Township, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d*
☞ FOR ASSEMBLY—
R. S. P. McCALL,
Of Tarentum, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d*
☞ FOR ASSEMBLY—
District North of the Rivers.
H. K. SAMPLE,
Shaler township. Subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d*
☞ FOR ASSEMBLY—
B. C. CHRISTY,
Of Sewickley borough, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d*
☞ FOR STATE SENATE—
CHARLES JEREMY,
Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. d*
☞ FOR CORONER—
ALEX. Æ. McCANDLESS, M.D.,
Pittsburgh, subject to approval of the forthcoming Republican County Convention. d*
☞ FOR ASSEMBLY—
A. B. YOUNG,
Of Robinson township, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d*
☞ FOR CORONER—
WM. M'CALLIN,
Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. d*
☞ STATE SENATE—
GEO. H. ANDERSON
Will be a Candidate for Re-nomination, subject to approval of the Republican County Convention. d*
☞ FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
WM. H. CLARK,
Of North Fayette township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention No. 3.
☞ FOR COUNTY TREASURER—
SAM'L KILGORE,
Of Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
☞ FOR ASSEMBLY—
JOHN C. NEWMYER,
Of Wilkins township, middle district, subject to decision of Republican County Convention.
☞ FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
JOHN A. SCOTT
Will be a candidate for re-nomination to the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention No. 3.
☞ FOR ASSEMBLY—
WILLIAM COATES,
Millvale borough, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY—
M. G. COREY,
Of Braddock's Borough, late Captain Company G, 83d Pennsylvania Volunteers. Subject to the decision of Republican Committee Convention No. 3.
☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY—
B. F. KENNEDY,
Of Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY—
WILLIAM SWISSHELM,
Of Wilkins township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention, No. 3.
☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY—
JOSEPH ROSS
Will be a Candidate for Re-nomination to the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention, No. 3.

SUMMER RESORTS.
THE HOT SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.,
Have been Improved and Refitted for the Season of 1873. The waters vary in temperature from 50 to 110 degrees. Those in Three Springs have for nearly a century been in the treatment of Gout, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Liver, Stomach, Bladder and Womb, Old Injuries, Cutaneous Affections, Contraction of Muscles and Joints, Chronic Diarrhœa, &c., and have attained world-wide celebrity for their efficacy in curing and relieving such diseases.
The Bathing arrangements are extensive and complete, and include the new feature of MUD BATHS, which are now attracting great attention from the medical profession and invalids. The DRINKING WATERS include several, each of which among these a spring of Chalybeate Alum Water equal if not superior to any of its kind in the United States.
These Springs are easily accessible from the West via Cincinnati, thence by boat to Huntington, the terminus of the (recently completed) Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad to Covington depot, and thence by stage or private families to the Springs, or via Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Washington City, and thence to the Springs.
For Pamphlets, giving full description and analysis of Waters, address S. O. TARDY & CO.,
Or JAS. A. AUGUST, Hot Springs, Bath county, Va.
17th

EASTERN EXCHANGE.
Summer Homes.
Families or individuals seeking pleasant homes for the coming season will find the Eastern Exchange, at East Liberty, a spacious, well kept Hotel, where suits of two or three rooms, or single apartments, can be secured
From and after the 1st of May.
Every attention is given to guests. The table always well maintained.
Stabling and hostelry for those having horses and carriages, and all the appliances of a first class hotel. Accessible by rail—within ¼ of an hour from Union Depot.
JNO. S. McPHERSON, Proprietor.

GRAND UNION HOTEL,
Saratoga Springs, N. Y.,
Will Open June 1st, for the reception of guests. Prof. J. M. Lander and his superb band have been engaged for the season. Rooms can be engaged at Metropolitan Hotel or Gilsey House, New York, or at Messrs. HESLIN, GARDNER & CO., at Saratoga Springs, N.Y.

ADAMS HOUSE—
M. S. ADAMS, Proprietor,
Formerly Continental, LAWRENCEBURG, PA. This House has recently been refitted and refurnished with New and Elegant Fur

James T. Brady & Co

Corner Wood and Fourth Avenue,

BANKERS.

FOR SALE,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

7 PER CENT.

Water Loan and Penn Avenue

BONDS,

AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.

GEO. B. HILL.....C. HANSON LOVE. JAS. N. HILL

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

58 Fourth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER

FOR SALE

City of Pittsburgh

Water Loan Bonds

At Par and Interest,

FREE FROM TAXATION.

We Buy and Sell on Commission all kinds of

Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Negotiable Paper, &c.

Collections made on all accessable points. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Passage Tickets by the National Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat, from or to London, Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow.

Drafts payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

Geo. B. Hill & Co.

Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

NO. 64 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,

$1,000,000.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

President.....DAVID GREGG

Directors.

HENRY H. COLLINS, JAMES T. BRADY, B. L. FAHNESTOCK, DANIEL RUWER, A. S. PETTERMAN, PHILIP BENTEL, BENJ. SINGERLY, Hon. ROBT. McKNIGHT, HARTLEY HOWARD, L. J. BLANCHARD, DAVID GREGG.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Deposits Solicited and Interest Allowed on same. Dividends, Coupons, etc., Collected Without Charge.

ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

FOR SALE,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

7 PER CENT.

Water Loan and Penn Avenue

BONDS,

AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.

Ira B. M'Vay & Co.,

BANKERS,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, May 16, 1873.

The local money market shows signs of increasing ease in loanable funds, the brokers reporting that they can renew without difficulty the paper of their clients, now maturing, at reasonable rates; that is, at from 10 to 12 per cent. per annum. Apart from the neighborhood are coming in pretty freely, and country bank officers are making their periodic visits to town for the purpose of buying "good city indorsed paper" at 1 per cent. a month. No doubt they will get supplied, the rate of interest being easily made satisfactory, the settlement of the principal being left for future consideration.

From foreign advices we learn that the Austrian government has followed the example of our Treasury Department and relieved the market by the direct intervention of its own funds, creating an improvement in the financial affairs of the Vienna Bourse. In London the market is quiet with an advance in United States 10-40s, the rest of the list of American bonds receding a fraction from the highest figures. From the fact that the Bank of England has lost nearly a hundred million pounds sterling it is promised that an advance will again be made in the rate of discount, but up to three o'clock we have no announcement of that fact.

In the stock market the erratic course of Pacific Mail still attracts attention, and it is announced that the first of the new English line of steamers which are to be run in opposition to the present line has made their appearance at San Francisco, bearing the good Pennsylvania name of "Altoona."

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cook & Co., their correspondent:

	Noon.	Eve.
U. S. Bonds of 1881	12⅜	12⅜
U. S. Bonds of 1862	11⅝	11⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1864	11⅝	11⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1865	11⅞	11⅞
U. S. Bonds of 1865, new	11⅝	11⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1867	12⅜	12⅜
U. S. Bonds of 1868	11⅝	11⅝
10-40s	11⅝	11⅝
New 5s	11⅜	11⅜
Gold	11⅝	11⅝
Currency 6s	11⅝	11⅝

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quoted United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

Gold	11⅞
United States 6s of 1881	12⅜
United States 5-20s of 1862	11⅝
United States 5-20s of 1864	11⅝
United States 5-20s of 1865	11⅞
United States 10-40s	11⅝
United States 6-20s, January and July, 1865	11⅝
United States 6-20s, January and July, 1867	12⅜
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1868	11⅝
Currency 6s	11⅞

The report of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1872, has just been issued. The operating expenses and taxes, $566,493 97, amounted to $71,839,524 62, being 67 per cent. of the gross earnings, and leaving, after payment of interest on its bonds and rentals upon the present watered stock, a surplus of $192,-854 85. In 1866 the rate per ton per mile was 2 43 100 cents, and in 1872 it was 1 37 100. "Had we received," says the report, "the rate of 1866 on the immense tonnage of 1872, the earnings from freight would have been $2,913,751 instead of $1,613,499, yielding—instead of barely eight per cent. upon the capital stock, twenty-eight per cent. These figures thoroughly disprove the assertion, so frequently and so falsely made, that railroad companies make extortionate rates for their own benefit and against the public interest; and they establish the fact that the policy of this company has been to steadily reduce the rates as rapidly as could be safely done, consistently with the maintenance of the property in good condition; and this has been accomplished, notwithstanding the very considerable increase of taxation in the six States through which the road runs. But the substitution of steel for iron rails in renewals of the track, the low rates of 1871 and 1872 could not have been submitted to and dividends maintained."

A correspondent re-writes the above as follows: "After saying that twenty-eight per cent. upon the (present) capital 'would' have been realized, read as follows: 'figures thoroughly prove the assertions, so frequently and so truthfully made, that this company demanded extortionate rates for its own benefit and against the public interests, until the fact was established by increasing competition that they could no longer be maintained, and that then this company was compelled to steadily reduce the rates, which it did as slowly as possible, even though the taxation on its increased capital, ($35,-000,000 in 1870, now $50,000,000) had put slightly increased ($19,965 17) in the States through which the road runs. If this redu tion of rates, from necessity to induce trade over this line, had been made more rapidly, the dividends of 1872 could not have been declared upon its watered capital stock."

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, &c., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day, furnished by George I. Whitney, Esq., broker and dealer in stocks, bonds and gold, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street:

May 15, 1873.	10:30	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:30	3:30
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Gold	117⅛	118	118	117⅝	117⅝	117⅞
Canton	100			100		
Western Union Tel	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
Quicksilver	37			37		
Pacific Mail	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	46⅝	46⅝
Adams Express	95½			95½		
Wells, Fargo & Co	100			100		
American Express	67¾			67¾		
United States Express	70			70		
New York Central	100½	100½	100½	100¾	100¾	100¾
Erie	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾
Michigan Central				104		
Michigan Southern	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾
Illinois Central						
Cleveland and Pitts	87					
Chicago and N. W.	76					
Chicago and R. I.						
Rock Island	108½	108½	108½	108½		
St. Paul	53	54¾	54¾	54¾		
St. Paul, pref				78		
Wabash	68½			68½	68½	
Wabash pref						
Fort Wayne	97			97		
Ohio and Mississippi	42½	42	41½	41½	41½	
Ohio & Miss. pref	81½	80½	80½			
Chicago and Alton						
Chicago and Alton pref						
Pitts., Ft. Wayne and Chic	110					
Harlem	129¾	130¾	129¾	129¾		
New Jersey Central						
C. C. and I. C.	30½		30½	30½		
Hannibal and St. Jo						
Iron Mountain						
Atlantic Mail						

*Ex-div.

—Messrs. Robinson Bro., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day.

Penn'a Central	84½
Reading	93⅝
United Co.'s of N. J.	119½
Oil Creek	19⅝
Lehigh Valley R. R.	60
Philadelphia and Erie	25⅝
Penn'a Allotments	3⅜
Pittsburgh 8s	74
Hegeley Valley 7-30s	94½
Central Transition	47⅞

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE PIG IRON AND BLOOM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, May 16, 1873.

There has been more inquiry for pig metal this week than for several weeks past, and a larger quantity sold, but no improvement in prices.

Standard brands bring $40 per ton, 4 months, while inferior grades are selling at lower prices.

We are reported the following sales:

Bituminous Coal Smelted from Lake Superior Ore.

200 tons gray forge	$40 00	4 mos
200 tons gray forge	40 00	4 mos
200 tons close gray forge	40 00	5 mos
150 tons gray forge	38 00	4 mos
100 tons gray forge	39 00	4 mos
100 tons gray forge	40 00	5 mos
100 tons gray forge	40 00	4 mos
100 tons gray forge	40 00	4 mos
100 tons close gray forge	39 00	5 mos
100 tons gray bentral	37 50	cash.
50 tons silvery	45 00	4 mos
10 tons No. 1 foundry	45 00	cash.
10 tons gray forge	40 00	4 mos

Anthracite.

200 tons cold short	37 00	4 mos
200 tons close gray red short	40 00	4 mos
200 tons gray forge	40 00	4 mos
60 tons white and mottled	36 00	4 mos
200 tons No. 1 foundry	44 00	4 mos
200 tons No. 2 foundry	42 00	4 mos
200 tons gray forge	39 50	4 mos
200 tons No. 1 foundry	45 00	4 mos
100 tons No. 1 foundry	44 50	4 mos
10 tons silvery	40 00	4 mos
150 tons white	32 00	4 mos

Eastern Coke.

100 tons gray forge	$38 00	4 mos

Pittsburgh Coke.

200 tons No. 2 foundry	$40 00	4 mos
30 tons foundry	40 50	4 mos
10 tons foundry	45 00	4 mos

Charcoal.

60 tons C. B. charcoal	$63 00	4 mos
40 tons C. B. charcoal	63 00	4 mos
10 tons No. 1 foundry Hanging Rock	58 00	4 mos

Blooms.

30 tons Maramec, Mo	$115 00	4 mos

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal and Ore.

Following are the receipts of metal and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. CO. LESSEE.

Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co., m	22	Loomis & Co., m
W. Porter, m	1	Mackintosh, Hemphill & Co
Wilson, G. & Co., o	1	Shoenberger, S. & Co., o
Carnegie, K. A. & Co., o	1	
Total		33

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

Cars.		Cars.
Jno. Moorhead, b., o	1	Zug & Co., o
McKnight, D. & Co., o	2	Bell & Co., o
Wilson, G. & Co., o	2	Lewis, B. D & Co., o
Total		22

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co., m	4	J. Moorhead, m
Caughey & H., m	9	J. W. Porter, m
J. Reamer, m	3	
Total		19

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Cars.	
Wm Smith & Son, m	2

IRON MARKETS.

CLEVELAND,

May 14.—The pig iron market remains quiet without particular change, some sales of foundry iron have been made during the past week at prices somewhat below quotations. There is to-day a better inquiry than a week ago, and dealers generally expect to see the market grow steadily firmer for the next thirty days. We quote as follows:

LAKE SUPERIOR CHARCOAL FOR CAR WHEELS AND MALLEABLE USE.

No. 1	$60 50—4 mos
No. 2	60 50—4 mos
No. 3, grafted	61 50—4 mos
No. 4	60 50—4 mos
No. 5	65 50—4 mos

COLD BLAST CHARCOAL.

No. 1 Tennessee	$60 50—4 mos

ANTHRACITE.

No. 1 Onondags	$50 50—4 mos

BITUMINOUS IRON FROM ALL LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

No. 1 Findlay, acd'ng to brand	50 50—52 50—4 mos
No. 2 Findry, acd'ng to brand	50 50—52 50—4 mos
Gray forge	42 50—4 mos

BLACKENED IRON FROM WARRIHOUSE.

SCOTCH.

No 1 Glengarnock	$58 50—4 mos
No 1 Eglinton	59 50—4 mos
No 1 Ayrshire	56 50—4 mos

AMERICAN.

No 1 Massillon	$54 50—4 mos
No 1 Volcano	54 50—4 mos

IRON ORES.

Lake Superior specular	$12 37—cash
Forsythe	11 37—cash

The hardware trade has been no more than fair since our report of last week, with prices steady.

Bar iron we still quote at $4 10, though a round lot for cash could be bought a little off that figure. Nails declined to $5 per keg. Metals are unchanged since last quotations. Prices of shelf hardware are materially unchanged.—*Commercial Review.*

PHILADELPHIA.

MAY 13.—Trade very dull and unsatisfactory. For the sake of affecting sales concessions are made. The decline, however, will undoubtedly bring in buyers sufficient to restore the market to a less disastrous state at this time of the year. As predicted last January it was a mistake in the larger manufacturers of pig iron to have insisted on high prices, May and June for the desire on the part of the purchasers, at whose mercy the producers now find themselves.

Foundry, No. 1, A, in 100 ton lots.....$45 00@—

Foundry, No. 1 A, in 100 ton lots..... 43 00@—

Foundry, No. 1, B, in 100 ton lots..... 41 00@—

Gray forge neutral, in 100 ton lots..... 36 00@—

Mottled neutral, in 100 ton lots..... 32 00@—

White neutral, in 100 ton lots..... 31 00@—

Gray forge red short (of Cornwall ores), in 100 ton lots at furnace..... 35 00@—

Mottled red short (of Cornwall ores), in 100 ton lots at furnace..... 31 00@—

White red short (of Cornwall ores), in 100 ton lots at furnace..... 29 00@—

Market dull in both raw and manufactured irons, with a tendency to lower prices. Mills and forges are without movement and quotations are nominal.

American No. 1, foundry pig, at furnace	$46 00@47 00
American No. 2, foundry pig, at furnace	43 00@44 00
American No. 3, forge, at furnace	35 00@39 00
American No. 4, white and mottled, at furnace	30 00@35 00
Scotch pig, (cargo lots for shipment)	56 00@58 00
Old rails, D. H. S. for railroad iron, delivery	57 00@—
Old rails, D. H. S. on the spot and for arrival	55 00@56 00
T.'s 50c. per ton less.	
No. 1, wrought scrap, (ex. ship.) currency	51 00@53 00
No. 1, wrought scrap (for shipment here)	51 00@53 00
American refined bar, for shipment here	—@55 00
American common bar, for shipment here	—@54 00
American rails, at mill	70 00@74 00
English rails, (ex. ship) N. Y.) gold	70 00@74 00

—*Bulletin of the Iron Association.*

Iron in the Lehigh Valley.

The Allentown *Chronicle* says: The market for pig iron is reported exceedingly dull, although the price has not been affected by the dearth of purchasers. The strikes among the puddlers and rolling mill operatives in different parts of the country have induced the owners of rolling mills and other manufacturers to lay in no greater stock of iron than they require to get along, and this is partly the cause of the stagnation complained of. All the furnaces in this region are, however, in blast, and iron is made as fast as over the anticipation of an increased demand at no distant day.

The blast furnace at Freemansburg will be in blast within a month.

Mr. William Firmstone, Superintendent of the Glendon Iron Company, at Easton, proposes to erect a large nail factory near Glendon.

A company of Easton capitalists has been formed with the object of building a railroad all along the Lehigh and Susquenanna Railroad, in Palmer township, Northampton county. Mr. Jacob B. Odenweder has sold a portion of his farm to the company for the location of the proposed mill.

Buffalo Live Stock Market.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 16.—Cattle—Receipts to-day, including 48 cars to arrive, 1,339 head; total for the week 8,857 head, or 221 cars, against 471 cars the same week last week. Market dull and 50c off from yesterday's prices; but few buyers in attendance, and only a few loads offered and partly through the forenoon to $2 45@2 42½, closing at $2 42½ offered, and $2 45 asked. At Oil City the market closed weak at $2 50. Thirty-one weaker, but nothing doing, quoted nominally at $2 20@2 25; no sales. The following shows the condition of the market at Pacific Yards sales in the morning of 5,000 bbls, Union Line, at $2 50; late in the day the market became panicky, and a sharp decline took place. Sales of entire pipe was selling as low as $2 50, while by 2 25 was sold for Union Mutual and Butler pipes, sellers asking $2 40, at which there was one sale of 500 bbls. Buyers are scarce even at the decline, refusing to anticipate a fall further declines. Sales:

500 bbls upper road, spot	$2 52½
3,100 bbls upper road, spot	2 50
1,000 bbls upper road, spot	2 45
2,000 bbls upper road, S. O. May, June	2 50
1,000 bbls upper road, S. O. May, June	2 47½
1,000 bbls upper road, B. O. May, June	2 67½
1,000 bbls Oil City, spot	2 50
5,000 bbls Parker's, Union and Mutual	2 50
500 bbls Parker's, Union and Mutual	2 40

ROUSSVILLE, May 16.—Market quiet and quoted at $2 40.

TIDIOUTE, May 16.—Market very quiet and held at $2 45.

PETROLEUM CENTER, May 16.—Market dull at $2 35.

TITUSVILLE, May 16.—Market scarcely opened yet this morning. It closed last evening at $2 42½@$2 45. Quiet and little doing.

OIL CITY, May 16.—Market quiet and nothing doing at $2 50.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—Market firm; S. W., 19½c; city brands, 20c; extra, 21c; family, 22c; fancy, 19½@19¾c.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Closing 15th.—Crude in bulk steady, with a light trade; sales 2,000 bbls, cliverable this and next week, at 9¾c. Refined—Absence of important demand, old prices and increase in crude weakened the market, and at the close concessions were made, shippers buying a few lots; sales 500 bbls, May delivery, 19½c; 2,000 bbls, June, closing at the latter; refined in cases selling slowly, and prices weakened; nominal prices, May delivery for city. Naptha firm at 11¾c. Philadelphia delivery—Slight concessions have been made, and several large sales realized, the market closing moderately active, with free sellers at a decline, refined, spot, closing at 19¾c; sales 10,000 bbls refined, last half June, at 19¾c; 7,500 bbls, deliverable to vessel by June 25th, at 19¾c; 2,500 bbls, May, 19¾c; 2,500 bbls, first half June, 19¾c; 2,000 bbls, last half July, 20c; 500 bbls, last half July, 20c.

(By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Line.)

TITUSVILLE, May 16.—Market very dull and nothing doing; prices nominally at $2 40@2 45.

PARKERSBURG, May 16.—Market dull and weak at $2 30@2 35.

NEW YORK, May 16.—There is little doing in crude; spot, small sales, at 9c; refined 19¾c. Market weak and declining.

OIL CITY, May 16.—Market dull and weak at $2 50@2 55.

TIDIOUTE, May 16.—Market quiet and dull at $2 30.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—Refined 19¾c; crude 9¾@9⅝c in bulk; bids 1c more.

PETROLEUM, May 16.—No market here yet, and no quotations.

Crude Oil Received by the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Owner	McComber, T. & Co	244
Duncan	American O. W	1,696
N W Stevenson	Peerless O. W	80
O. Grier	Liberty O. W	474
J Bushnell	Standard O. W	1,296
H McKelvey	Vesta O. W	780
Lockhart & F	Brilliant O. W	1,577
Tack & M	Citizens O. W	634

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

McComber, T & Co	244	Standard O. W	1,296
American O. W	1,696	Vesta O. W	780
Peerless O. W	80	Brilliant O. W	1,577
Liberty O. W	474	Citizens O. W	634
Total			6,782

Refined Oil Shipped East by the A. V. R. W. P. R. and P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, May 15, 1873.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Standard Oil Co	Warden, F & Co, Phila	595
Lockhart, F & C	Warden, F & Co, Phila	795
Wormser, M & Co	Waring, K & Co, Phila	159
Irwin, R. Co	Waring, K & Co, Phila	159
J A McKee & Sons	Carson & Collin, Phila	1,000
J A McKee & Sons	Jno P Logan, Phila	159
Central Ref Co	Jno P Logan, Phila	359
Central Ref Co	Chas. Pratt, New York	65
Brain & Wagner	Waring, K & Co, Phila	719
B & A Stewart	Waring, K & Co, Phila	235
Vesta O. W	Waring, K & Co, Phila	1,050
Total		4,575

New York Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Beeves—Receipts to-day 53 cars or 589 head, making 3,240 head for four days, against 3,240 head same time last week. Prices and sales slow, but prices well sustained. Offerings are all native steers, except a single car load of bulls and part of steers; a still fed car load of bulls sold at 5½c, gross weight, and native cattle at a range of 11a13c, mostly 11¾c, although the sales are 9 cars of western steers, 6¾ cwt, 11¾; 18 cars, 6¾ cwt, 11¾c; 1 car, 6¾ cwt, 12c; 1 car, 6¾ cwt, 12½c, and 4 cars 6¾, 7¼ cwt, 12a12½c.

Sheep—Receipts 13 cars or 2,744 head, all fair to good sheared sheep, making a total for four days of 11,020 head, against 8,795 head same time last week. Demand next to nothing, and sales effected were at a decline of more than 5c; medium to prime sheared sheep could not be sold for more than 5¼@6c; Sales include 2 cars clipped Ohio, 90 to 95 lbs, at 6¾ @6¾c, and 3 cars do, 79 to 91 lbs, at 6@6¼c. Spring lambs quiet at 12a14c.

Hogs—Receipts to-day 2,570 head, making 20,400 head since Monday, against 22,870 head same time last week. Market a little firmer at 5¾@6c alive; dressed in fair demand at 7¾@8c.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, May 16.—Wheat dull, but steady at $1 50; No. 1 red $1 50; No 2 do nominal. Corn firm at 35a36c. Oats steady at 42c for No 1. Petroleum quiet and unchanged; trade fair, but not active.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 117⅛@118.

NEW YORK, May 16, 1873—4 P. M.

MONEY.

Money abundant and easy at 6a7 per cent. on call; 7@9 per cent. for prime discounts. Press dispatches from Vienna announcing one hundred additional failures place the panic there in a more serious light than heretofore.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling decidedly firmer, closing at 109 1-16a109¼ for sixty days, and 110¾a110¾ for sight, and 110¾ for cable transfers.

GOLD.

Gold firmer and higher, ranging at 117⅛a118, with more activity under the advance in exchange—bulls being confident of early shipments. Loans 6a6 per cent. Clearings, $81,600,000. Outstanding legal tenders show a decrease of $300,000. Treasury disbursements, $263,000. Customs receipts, $317,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments quiet and firm.

U. S. coup, 1881	12⅛	5-20s, 1867	120⅛
5-20s, 1862	115⅜	5-20s, 1868	115⅝
5-20s, 1864	115¾	New 5s	111⅝
5-20s, 1865	112⅜	10-40s	114
5-20s, 1865, new	113⅛	Currency 6s	114¾

STATE BONDS.

State bonds dull and heavy.

Missouri	94	Virginia, old	43
Tennessee, old	86½	North Carolina, old	28
Tennessee, new	80¾	North Carolina, new	16
Virginia, new	63¾		

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Stocks depressed with a market decline late in the day. At times prices were firm, but this always proved in a great selling movement. Transactions were very large, and figures in some cases the lowest current this week. The chief fluctuations were in Pacific Mail, 48¾a45¼a47⅝; Erie, 61¼a59¾a61¾a 60¾a60¾; Western Union, 86¾a84¾a84⅝; Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central, 30¼; Quicksilver, 37½a29¾a30½; Union Pacific, 39¼a37¼a38; New York Central, 100¾a99¾a100; Rock Island, 108¾a107¾a107¾; Ohios, 41¾a42¾a41¾; St. Paul, 54¾a53¾a54; Harlem, 129¾a129¾a131¾, and Wabash, 68½a67¾a68½. The market at the close was steadier, with a recovery of ¾ per cent. from the lowest point. Jay Gould is credited with the general fall of the day. A great decline was noted in Union Pacific income bonds, which were offered at 65¾, with 60¾ bid.

Canton	100	St. Paul preferred	72
Western Union Tel	84¾	Wabash	68¾
Quicksilver	37	do preferred	85
Adams Express	95½	Fort Wayne	93¾
Wells, Fargo & Co	89½	Terre Haute	30
American Express	67¾	do preferred	49
United States Ex	72	Chicago & Alton	110
Pacific Mail	46⅞	do preferred	140
New York Central	100	Ohio & Mississippi	41¾
Erie	60¾	C., C. & I. C.	87
do preferred	71	Burlington & Quincy	109
Harlem	128¾	Lake Shore	99
do preferred	130	Panama	304
Michigan Central	104	Illinois Central	115
P., Ft. W. & C.	87	Union Pacific	39¼
Northwestern	78	Central Pacific	94¾
do preferred	85	Union	85¾
Rock Island	107¾	Del. & Lackawanna	104¾
N. J. Central	104	Hartford & Erie	9¾
St. Paul	54	Banker's Bills	108¾

*Ex-Div.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 16, 1873.

FLOUR—Demand fair and market firm; good to choice No. 1 red winter, $6 50a7 00.

GRAIN—Wheat—Demand good and prices advanced, but unsettled; spring Chicago $1 32 cash; $1 30½ seller June; $1 15 bid for seller all the year; No 3 do $1 22a1 22½. Corn dull and the market unsettled; lower; No 2 mixed 39¼a40c cash; 40c July; 40c bid August; 41½c seller year; No 2 white 43½c. Oats steady, with a moderate demand; receipts 54,000 bushels; new mixed 37½a38c; old 42c; extra Ohio $7 00a10 50; St. Louis $7 50a7 75. Rye firmer at 59½a60c. Barley quiet and unchanged; no sales.

Corn meal steady. Whisky firmer, with a fair demand at 93a93½c. Wheat a shade firmer, with a fair export demand; receipts 60,000 bushels; shipments 91,000 bushels; sales 90,000 bushels, including 50,000 bushels No 2 Milwaukee at $1 05; No 2 spring Chicago $1 32; No 2 Northwest $1 05; No 2 Milwaukee $1 06; white winter $1 07a2 06. Rye firmer; western $1 00. Barley quiet and unchanged. Provisions dull and moderate request for export; quotations unchanged. Oats more active and higher; receipts, 75,000 bushels; new mixed weather, 37½a38c; old western 38a38½c; old State 55c; black west 39a 40c. Eggs firmer; western 15¾a16c. Whisky dull, but unchanged; no sales. Mess pork quiet and unchanged. Coffee firmer; Rio 17¾a19¾c. Sugar dull; buyers and sellers apart; Porto Rico 8¾ a9¾c; Cuba 8¾a9¾c; New Orleans 9¾a10c. Molasses quiet. New Orleans 60a70c. Rice quiet. Petroleum—crude 9c; refined 19¾c. Tallow dull at 8¾c. Provisions—Pork quiet; new mess $18 00; prime mess $17 00a17 50. Beef steady and unchanged. Cut meats dull; shoulders 7¾c; hams 11a12c. Middles quiet and weak; long clear 9¼a9¼c; short clear 9¾a9¾c. Lard quiet and weak; western steam 9¾a9 5-16c; kettle 9¾c. Butter lower; western 22a30c. Cheese 12a13½c.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Cotton weak with a limited export demand and unsettled; uplands middling at 21c; futures 8,300 bales, as follows: May 18 7-16a18 9-16c; June 18 9-16a18 5-8c; July 18¾a18¾c; August 18¾a 18 13-16c. Flour—Receipts 5,600 bbls; shipments 6,000 bbls; sales 6,000 bbls; superfine western and State $4 85a5 00; common to good $5 10a5 40; good to choice $5 45a5 50; white wheat extra $5 50a6 60; extra Ohio $7 00a10 50; St. Louis $7 50a 10 75. Rye flour nominal at $4 40a5 00. Corn meal steady. Whisky firmer, with a fair demand at 93a93½c. Wheat a shade firmer, with a fair export demand; receipts 60,000 bushels; shipments 91,000 bushels; sales 90,000 bushels, including 50,000 bushels No 2 Milwaukee at $1 05; No 2 spring Chicago $1 32; No 2 Northwest $1 05; No 2 Milwaukee $1 06; white winter $1 07a2 06. Rye firmer; western $1 00. Barley quiet and unchanged. Barley malt dull; moderate request for export; quotations unchanged. Oats more active and higher; receipts, 75,000 bushels; new mixed weather, 37½a38c; old western 38a38½c; old State 55c; black west 39a 40c. Eggs firmer; western 15¾a16c. Whisky dull, but unchanged; no sales. Mess pork quiet and unchanged. Coffee firmer; Rio 17¾a19¾c. Sugar dull; buyers and sellers apart; Porto Rico 8¾ a9¾c; Cuba 8¾a9¾c; New Orleans 9¾a10c. Molasses quiet; New Orleans 60a70c. Rice quiet. Petroleum—crude 9c; refined 19¾c. Tallow dull at 8¾c. Provisions—Pork quiet; new mess $18 00; prime mess $17 00a17 50. Beef steady and unchanged. Cut meats dull; shoulders 7¾c; hams 11a12c. Middles quiet and weak; long clear 9¼a9¼c; short clear 9¾a9¾c. Lard quiet and weak; western steam 9¾a9 5-16c; kettle 9¾c. Butter lower; western 22a30c. Cheese 12a13½c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, May 16.—Cotton dull and prices are nominal; middling 18c; low middling 17c. Flour—Demand fair and market firm and unchanged. Wheat higher; No 2 red fall, spot, $1 34a1 35; April, $1 34a1 35; sold No 2, red winter, $1 37a1 38; No 3, $1 03a1 04; new spring, $1 20a1 21. Corn—Demand good and higher; No 2, mixed 40a40½c at closing; June 41c. Oats—Demand and price advanced; No 2, 36¾a36½c at elevator; June 31c. Rye—Market unchanged. Barley dull, but unchanged; no sales. Mess pork quiet and unchanged at $17 25. Bulk meats dull and prices are nominal. Bacon continued unchanged; shoulders 7¼a7¾c; clear rib sides 9¾a9¾c; clear sides 9¾a10c. Sugar cured hams lard—Lard lower on round lots; prime steam 8¾c. Whisky firm at 90c. Beef Cattle—Demand fair and market firm; beeves $4a6; inferior to common $3a3 50. Hogs easy for buyers.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 16.—Flour—Tapping quiet but firm; 2 lb hemp, 14 c; 2½ lb flax, 14½c for round lots on orders. Cotton quiet but steady at 17c; stock in Louisville, 1,000 bales. Wheat—Red, 1 40a1 45; amber, 1 45a1 50. Corn—Mixed, 38a38½c; white, 40a40½c. Oats—Mixed, 32a32½c; white, 34a34½c. Rye, 60c. Barley—No 1 spring, 1 00a1 05; No 2, 85a90c. Provisions—Mess pork, $17 00. Bacon—Shoulders, 7½c; clear rib sides 9¾a9¾c; clear sides 10c. Hams, 12a13c. Lard in tierces 9¼a 9¾c; in kegs 10¾a11c for choice leaf, and 9c for prime steam. Whisky, 90c. Groceries—Coffee, 19½c; clear rib sides 9¾c; loose, ¼a½c higher for packed; small orders ¼ to ½c advance. Whisky 88c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, May 16.—Cotton quiet at 18¾c. Flour firm at $5 00a7 75. Wheat quiet at $1 40a1 50. Corn firm at 50c. Rye firm at 83c. Barley firm. Groceries steady. Coffee firm. Eggs firm at 14c. Provisions quiet. Mess pork $17 00, spot, with sales at $17 00, buyer, May. Lard dull; prime kettle 9¾c; spot; steam 8¾c; kettle 9¾@9¾c. Bulk meats firm and steady; shoulders 6¾c; clear rib sides 8¾c; clear sides 9¾c; no demand at quotations. Bacon very quiet and a shade easier; shoulders 7¾a7¾c; clear rib sides 9¼a9¾c; clear sides 9¾a9¾c. Whisky steady at 87c.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, May 16.—Cotton quiet but unchanged; receipts for the past day 406 bales; shipments for the past twenty-four hours 600 bales; receipts for the week 6,009 bales; shipments for the past week 8,045 bales; sales 7,000 bales; stock 31,720 bales. Corn dull and nominal. Corn meal quiet and unchanged. Flour dull and prices advanced to $2 65a2 70. Corn—Demand good at full prices, 40c. Oats scarce and firm at 45c. Bacon—Demand fair at full prices; shoulders 8¾a8¾c. Bran dull and the market unchanged. Hay quiet and unchanged. Provisions dull and the prices nominal.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, May 16.—Flour—Demand fair and market firm. Wheat dull and prices a shade lower; No 2 white Wabash, $1 09; extra white Michigan, $2 00; No 1 do, $1 86¾; amber do, spot, $1 76; May, $1 77¾; No 1 red, $1 82; No 2, $1 76. Corn dull and lower; high mixed, spot, 40½c; May, 40½c; Sales include 2 cars clipped Ohio, 50 to 95 lbs, at 6¾ @6¾c, and 3 cars do, 79 to 91 lbs,

THE VERY LATEST.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE

The Panic at Vienna Increasing.

LONDON, May 16.—A Vienna dispatch says that one hundred additional failures have been announced. No important banks have yet suspended. The panic paralyzes business.

The son of a wealthy banker committed suicide yesterday.

Oriental Topographical Exploration.

ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT, May 16.—The Oriental Topographical Corps, which left New York a few weeks ago to make explorations and sketches in the Bible Lands, are engaged at the Pyramids, Memphis and Lower Nile.

The New American Commissioner at Vienna.

VIENNA, May 16.—Jackson S. Schultz, newly appointed Commissioner of the United States to the International Exposition, has arrived in the city and had a long conference with Mr. Jay, the American Minister.

The Affiliation of Orleanists and Legitimists.

PARIS, May 16.—Count Sosthenes De La Rochefoucauld, who was reported to have gone on a mission to Count De Chambord from the Legitimists and Orleanists, has returned. He had a long conference with the royal exile, but gives no indication of the result. He is authorized, however, to stamp as false and unsound a rumor that the Count contemplated adopting the Prince Imperial, son of the late Emperor.

Bank of England Forgery Case.

LONDON, May 16.—The case of the Bank of England forgers was again before the Court to-day. Witnesses identified the bonds found in the trunk at New York, and testified to their purchase by the accused. At the close of the examination the prisoners were remanded.

Quarantine Annoyance at Buenos Ayres.

LONDON, May 16.—Advices from Buenos Ayres report that quarantine regulations were enforced there with vigor, to the great inconvenience of merchants and travelers. Steamers and sailing vessels, with upwards of 2,500 passengers on board, were detained there at last accounts.

The Shah of Persia on His Grand Tour.

LONDON, May 16.—The Shah of Persia on the soon arrive at Vienna. He is accompanied by all the members of his Cabinet and three of his wives. It is estimated that the expense of his European tour will be five million dollars sterling.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

BERLIN, May 16.—The German government has resolved to expel from the country within six months the Lazarist Congregation of the Holy Ghost and Sacred Heart, and other close conventual orders.

GENEVA, May 16.—A number of Communists have been arrested in this city.

CONSTANTINOPE, May 16.—Richid Pasha has been appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs in place of Sahfet Pasha.

MADRID, May 16.—The total number of votes recorded in the recent election is 1,250,000. The vote in the capital was unusually light, owing to the apathy of all parties except the Alfonsist Republicans.

ROME, May 16.—The health of the Pope continues to improve.

Marine News.

LIVERPOOL, May 16.—The steamship Hibernian, from Baltimore has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, May 16.—The steamship Glamorgan, from New York has arrived.

European Markets.

LONDON, May 16, 5 P. M.—Consols for money 93¾; and for account 93¾. American securities—U. S. '65s, 91¾; do '67, 93¾; 10-40s 88¾; new 5s 89; Erie 46½. Linseed oil £28 3s. Spirm oil £91 0s.

FRANKFORT, May 16.—United States bonds—5-20s 92, 95.

PARIS, May 16.—Rentes 39 francs 60 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, May 16.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 8¾d; Orleans 9d. Sales 12,000 bales, for speculation and export 2,000 bales; American 6,000 bales; sales during the week 92,000 bales; exports 10,000 bales; speculation 3,000 bales; stock 16,000 bales; American 366,000 bales; receipts 47,000 bales; American 43,000 bales; actual exports 10,000 bales; stock afloat 604,000 bales; American 240,000 bales; May and June delivery from Savannah and Charleston, 8¾d; sales of Orleans, shipped during April, at 8 15-16d; May delivery from Savannah and Charleston, 8¾d. Breadstuffs firm; California white wheat average 12s 3d@12s 4d; club 12s 5d@12s 6d; red spring 11s 2d@12s 3d; red winter 12s 2d. Flour, 27s 6d. Corn 27s 6d. Pork 65s. Cheese 64s. Bacon 37s. Lard middle 38s. Receipts of corn for past three days, 2,6-0 quarters, 17,000 thereof 6,000 quarters, all American. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester.

ANTWERP, May 14—Refined petroleum 40½f.

CITY MATTERS.

Letters Held for Postage.

	Cents.
Dun Matis Orrowski, Milwaukee	3
John P. Thomas, Macon County, Missouri	3
Mrs. E. S. Spillman, New York	3
E. H. Gardner, New York	3

JOHN H. STEWART, P. M.

The McCully-Clark Bequest.

Register Gray yesterday received additional testimony as to the genuineness of the signatures of James McCully, deceased, to the paper purporting to be an order on his executors to pay Robert D. Clark $75,000. Several witnesses were examined, and the case for Mr. Clark was not concluded.

Excelsior.

There are some aspiring young men over in Allegheny: the tendency of some of the lower class especially is upward. Here is a story of one whose aspirations reached to the second story of a dwelling house:

Mr. E. Gregg, who lives at No. 10 Irwin avenue, fronting on the park, was wakened by his wife between two and three o'clock yesterday morning, and the startling intelligence conveyed to him that at least "that man" for whom they had been looking for lo! these many years, had come, and was at that moments putting himself through the front window. Mr. Gregg, without waiting to perfect his toilet, rushed madly for ine—back room to get his revolver. And when he returned there was nothing to shoot at but an inoffensive adder. Not wishing to mutilate this valuable article, Mr. Gregg sent four or five shots down the back avenue. Unluckily the adder was not hit, we are glad to say proved perfectly harmless: we have known many reporters to be called to that portion of Allegheny after night before now.

A Pleasant Occasion.

On Thursday evening last, a very large number of invited guests assembled at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Milligan, Summit Farm, Wexford, to witness the marriage of their daughter, Miss Maggie Milligan, and Dr. S. Porter Shaw, of Clearfield, Pa. The guests began to assemble about seven o'clock, and continued coming until nearly eight, at which time the ceremony took place. The grounds in front of the mansion had been handsomely illuminated, and a brass band discoursed excellent music amidst the flowers and shrubbery. As a few minutes past eight, the band struck up the "Wedding March," and the happy couple, preceded by their attendants, made their appearance in the parlor. The marriage ceremony was then performed by the Rev. Robert Carothers, of Turtle Creek, brother-in-law of the bride, assisted by the Rev. Samuel J. Fisher, of Clearfield. The attendants were: Miss Annie E. Milligan, of Newport, Pa., bridesmaid; Mr. A. J. Shaw, of Clearfield, first groomsman; Miss Beckie Agnew, of Allegheny City, second bridesmaid, and Rev. J. R. Milligan, of Wexford, first groomsman. The toilets of the brides and her attendants were of the most tasteful and elegant description. For a budget of Sunday reading, go to No. 76 Fifth avenue.

After the ceremony, all joining most heartily in wishing the newly wedded couple many years of happiness and prosperity. The guests then thronged the reception room, and spent a pleasant time in examining the many elegant and costly presents bestowed upon the bride. The gifts were profuse, and most happily expressed the love and friendship entertained for the worthy recipient. The festivities closed with a sumptuous repast, which was most heartily enjoyed by all present. The table, as usual, was well supplied, and the floral decorations, by the Messrs. Murdoch, efficient many compliments. The company remained until midnight, when the bridal party and groom left the city, taking the 2:30 A. M. train east, on a wedding tour. The best wishes of a host of friends accompany them.

The Young Men's Home.

We have taken occasion frequently to commend this worthy institution, and are glad to note its continued prosperity. There are two departments—one for the temporary accommodation of destitute young men, who are furnished with food and lodgings gratis until they can find employment. The other, a boarding department, where gentlemen are furnished with good boarding and meals for five dollars a week, or excellent dinners for thirty cents. The former is supported out of the profits derived from the latter department. The *Christian Advocate*, in commending the Home to the support of the public, says:

The kind of boarding and lodging there furnished cannot, it is believed, be obtained elsewhere in the city for less than seven dollars per week, and would be considered worth from fifty cents to a dollar. Instead, therefore, of employing an agent to solicit money from the public to sustain this benevolent and religious enterprise, they only ask those to whom it is convenient to call and board with them, or take their dinners with them, and thus help to support the destitute department. And we are happy to say that the merits of this enterprise are becoming more and more appreciated as it is becoming better known. A large addition to the building is now going up; and when it is finished we predict that the industrious Superintendent, Rev. Warner Lonz, and his excellent lady, and their accommodating helpers will find their hands full in catering for those who go to eat a good meal's victuals for the benefit of the poor and needy.

The following exhibit for the first four months of the year beginning with January, will show to some extent the nature and amount of the work performed at the Bethel and Young Men's Home: attended, 3,748; meals given, 19,459; lodgings, 12,208; religious services, 153; aggregate attendance, 32,657; signed temperance pledge, 734; assisted to employment, 500.

It affords us great pleasure to bear our testimony to the excellence of this institution. Persons from the country, who are in the city on a business or a day or two, we think can hardly do better than to take their meals at the Home. They will find highly respectable boarding and good company.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 16.—River twenty-nine feet and falling. Departed—Keystone State, Pittsburgh; George Lyle, with coal from Pittsburgh, J. S. Neal, with salt from Saltsburg. Up—Baltic, St. Louis to Pittsburgh; Nail City, Wheeling to Louisville. Weather clear and cool.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 16.—River falling, with eleven feet in the canal and nine feet in the chute. Clear and cool. Business dull. Arrived—Jennie Howell and barges, St. Louis; Simpson Heaton, Vicksburg; Smoky City, New Orleans. Departed—Jennie Howell and Mary Ann, Pittsburgh; Sam Brown, St. Louis.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 16.—Clear and warm; mercury 54 to 66. River has fallen one foot. Port Dec.—Up—Florence Lee, Mary Miller, Quickstep, Fayette, George Roberts, and Judge Baker to Louisville, Bown—Charmer, Kingston, J. D. Parker, Mary Ann and Tarascon. Business tolerably brisk

Cairo.

CAIRO, May 16.—Arrived—Mary Alice, St. Louis; Coal Hill, St. Louis; Arkansas Belle, Vicksburg; Future City, New Orleans; Tompkins and barges, St. Louis. Departed—Richmond, Louisville; Joe Fleming, St. Louis; Mary Ann, New Orleans; Coal Hill, Ohio river; Arkansas Belle, Evansville; Future City, St. Louis; Juda, Vicksburg. River has risen five inches. Clear; mercury 61.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 16.—The river has risen one inch and about on a stand. Arrived—Muscatine, Keokuk; Minneapolis, St. Louis; Alice, Kansas City; Anay Johnson, Keokuk; Illinois, Grafton; City of Helena, Vicksburg; Wm. H. Brown and barges, Ohio river; St. Joseph, Memphis. Departed—Belle Memphis, Memphis; Andy Johnson, Keokuk; Red Wing, St. Paul; Illinois, Grafton; St. Louis, Peoria; Fanny Kenner, Naples. Weather clear and cool.

Capt. W. H. Brown arrived here to-day from Pittsburgh. He will raise the towboat Wm. Cowan, partially burned and sunk at Grand Tower as soon as the river falls.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, May 16.—Clear and warm. River rising slowly. Arrived—Alice, Arkansas City; Dove, Greenville; E. F. Eckert, Cairo; Colorado, St. Louis; J. E. Rankin, Pine Bluff.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, May 16.—Cattle—Receipts 2,970 head; market quiet, but prices good; shipping grades are steady with sales of fair to good at $5 45@ choice to extra $5 65@; good 1,15 cwt. Texans sold at $4 75; stockers $4@4 75; shipments 2,780 head. Hogs—Receipts 11,800 head, with a large number left over from previous receipts; market dull and lower; medium to good selling at $4 75@5; extra assorted lots for Canada for market $5 10@5 15; closing dull at the whole range, $4 70@; shipments 11,176 head.

THE "POINT" PROPERTY.

The Caveat Filed by the City Against the Claim of Mr. Barr.

The following is a copy of the *caveat* filed by the city of Pittsburgh against the claim of John C. Barr, Esq., to any part of the ground at the Point. A certified copy of the document having been kindly furnished us by the Hon. R. B. Beath, Surveyor General:

HON. R. B. BEATH, SUR. GEN. OF PENNA.
AND ROBT. CLARKSON, ESQ., SURVEYOR FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

The city of Pittsburgh caution and warn you and hereby enter a formal caveat and protest against the application and proceedings for and granting of a patent to John C. Barr, for a tract of land situate at the intersection of Monongahela and Allegheny rivers, in said city, until the examination of the rights of said city thereto be had, and the return of any survey thereon as of vacant land, for the following reasons, viz.:

1st. The entire city of Pittsburgh lying between the two rivers is embraced within the 9,000 acres which the State permitted the Penns to retain; that the title of the Penns ran to the middle of the Allegheny river opposite Pittsburgh, and to the middle of the Ohio river from Pittsburgh to below saw Mill run, and there can be no vacant land within the bounds of the property so as aforesaid granted and allotted to the Penns as heirs at law of the former proprietaries of Pennsylvania under the charter of Charles II.

2d. All ground between the north side of Water street and the Monongahela river, without reference to width, is a part of Water street, no matter where the river may be, either by filling or otherwise, and of course no part thereof can be taken up as vacant land, the same being laid out in the original plan of the city of Pittsburgh as Water street to the river, be it where it may, and any filling would only add to the width of the street. So, also, to Duquesne way, which was laid out under an act of Assembly, the south line thereof being fixed, and Duquesne way extends, without reference to width, to the Allegheny river. There are, therefore, no vacant land between Duquesne way and the Allegheny river, but only streets form a junction at the Point, thus forming a harbor formed by the two sides of Pittsburg.

3d. The land sought to be taken up under the warrant of John C. Barr is at a point where a few years ago was the river bottom, where land has been made by the city, in Duquesne way and Water street by filling, thus largely increasing the width of those streets—and there is no act of Assembly authorizing the Land Office to grant titles for the bottom of the river, thus it requires a special act of Assembly so to do.

The city of Pittsburgh further asserts, that under and by virtue of the 5th section of the act of April 16, 1858, (P. L., page 226,) that by the provisions thereof, it is the owners of the land sought to be appropriated by said John C. Barr, and that on examination thereof, the Surveyor General is required to refuse to accept the return of survey, if made, and refuse to issue any patent thereon.

The document is signed by the Mayor, and attested by Thomas S. Bigelow, City Attorney.

COURT PROCEEDINGS

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

In the case of Michael Lutz, of Luzerne county, a bankrupt, on petition of assignee, the report of the sale of real estate was confirmed.

In the case of Frazer & Fry vs. John V. McDonald, of Beaver county, an alleged bankrupt, on affidavit filed setting forth the illness of Mr. McDonald, and on motion of solicitors for debtor, the trial was continued. In the same case a rule was entered on the part of petitioning creditors, to show cause why the answer of the debtor in this case should not be verified by oath or affirmation, and in default thereof the answer to be taken off. After argument, the Court discharged the rule.

In the case of Jacob W. Overdeer, vs. Henry Gantschy, Allegheny county, an alleged bankrupt, the trial was continued.

In the case of Sutphen against James Langan Bankrupt, of Luzerne county, on application of debtor for petitioning creditors to leave was granted to discontinue proceedings.

In the matter of the bankrupt estate of Luzerne county, bankrupt, the assignee's report of the sale of real estate was confirmed.

The petit jury in attendance at this term were discharged with the thanks of the Court.

Common Pleas—Judges Stowe and Collier.

The case of Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co. vs. Pennsylvania Railroad Company, pendente lite, still on trial.

Joseph Binkely vs. Geo. Moore & Co. Action on a book account. Plaintiff nonsuit.

Galenda Bros. vs. Otto Krebs. Action for work done. Verdict for plaintiff for $125.80.

In the cases of Huckelstein vs. Limbelt, defendant confessed judgment for $1,164 49, in one case, and $356 09 in the other.

W. K. McClintock vs. John Way, Jr. Plaintiff took a non-suit.

Chas. H. Noil vs. Joseph Zinkard. Plaintiff took a non-suit.

H. C. Frey, trustee of Minerva Everson, vs. Richard Everson. Defendant confessed judgment for $130 and costs.

August Strnck, for use, vs. Joseph and Charles Renast. Action on a mechanic's lien. On trial.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

The case of Mrs. Annie E. S. Hunter, administratrix of Rev. W. Hunter, deceased, vs. The Hopewell Presbyterian Church, had not been concluded at adjournment.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

This afternoon there will be a Swamp Angel matinee at the Opera House, with Mr. Charles Walcot as Henderson, the *Herald* reporter. To-night a double bill is offered, including the Swamp Angels and the Carpenter of Rouen.

Alms's American Theater.

At half-past two this afternoon Mr. Alms gives the last matinee, and last but one regular performance of the season. All the new stars in a new bill. From all appearances the season is likely to go out in a blaze of fun and glory.

Trimble's Varieties.

Last "Yacup" matinee at two to-day. To-night the long expected trial clog dance between Zell and Fitzsimmons for a gold medal and the championship.

An Interesting Book.

Capt. Willard Glazier, who, in 1865, published a book entitled "The Capture, Prison-Pen and Escape," detailing his experience while held captive by the rebels during the war for the Union, has written another work, entitled "Three Years in the Federal Cavalry." In this is given, in a simple, straightforward way, the story of cavalry life during the late war; of camp fire, scout, march and fight. It is a book of no great pretensions as to literary style, but will interest a very large number outside of the people who participated in the events described. It is sold by subscription only, and the agent is now in the city.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

ANDREW Judge Pierrepont is "an obscure man from Georgia."

STOREY improvements continue lively, and the Commissioners are doing their duty.

GROVE street, in the Thirteenth ward, is being graded, and is almost impassable.

The Lower Pails people held another meeting last evening to resolve again the importation and use of Chinese labor.

"Wo-ing, thou tantalizing spirit," says a squibbing writer in an exchange. Whether or not he sprang, is not recorded.

A yoke pew bell was put in place in the steeple of the new German Lutheran church, Pride and Ann streets, Sixth ward, yesterday.

HENRY Schmidt, brother of Councilman Jno. Bonscheur, before Alderman Hoerr, with assault and battery. Warrant issued.

CITY CLERK MONAGHAN has the postal cards cheap and convenient for serving notices. Why is not the Clerk furnished with postage stamps at the city's expense?

PITTOCK, opposite the postoffice, has for sale all the new books, magazines, pictorials and story paper. For a budget of Sunday reading, go to No. 76 Fifth avenue.

D. M. CHORMES made an information yesterday before Alderman Hoerr, charging one Robert Father, John Crothers, with disorderly conduct, and a warrant was issued.

THE tavern keepers of Allegheny are preparing to take a stand against the increased price per barrel asked by the brewers of beer. A meeting was held at Gerst's hall last evening, but no definite action was taken.

JERRY Hash, a butcher of Wylie avenue, charged before Mayor Blackmore with selling immature veal, on oath of Meat Inspector Lindsay, was yesterday fined ten dollars and costs. It to be hoped that this prompt action of the Mayor will have a wholesome effect.

YESTERDAY a little chrith of seven summers, who lives on the hill, went into a barber's shop and ordered the barber to cut his hair as short as shears could do it. The barber was loth to obey, but ordered the clipping. "No," said he, "but we've got a school ma'am that pulls hair."

A MAN and wife, with five little children, on the way to Ohio, lodged in the office of the captain of the lock-up last night. They have no money, and are going to tramp it to their destination. They have a little wagon with them in which the baby is carried and rocked to sleep.

CONTUSED knees and skinned elbows rewarded a young girl who attempted to steal a ride by jumping on the step of a descending Wylie avenue car last evening. Her escape from more serious injury was a marvel. She was old enough to know better, and will probably profit by her sore experience.

THE monthly sale of the Central U. P. Congregation, Allegheny City, was held on Thursday evening at the church building. There was a large attendance of members and friends of the congregation present, and a pleasant evening was passed. Under the leadership of Professor Slack the music was rendered, Miss Glosser presiding at the piano.

JOHN MCMAHAN, proprietor of the Castle Shannon House, corner of Webster avenue and Tunnel street, created trouble in his family yesterday and raised the neighborhood. It was reported that he had shot his wife, but it turned out untrue. He beat and abused her, however, as was evident from her cries and from her bloody appearance. The wife beater was not arrested.

ON THURSDAY afternoon a boy named Moses Maloy, aged ten years, was killed at the coal mine of Risher & Co., at Six Mile Ferry. He was sent into the mine with some picks for his father, who was employed there, and when coming out a mass of slate fell upon his head and killed him instantly. The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict of "accidental death."

THE friends and admirers of Charles Bach,* of Allegheny, whose name has appeared in print frequently of late, gave that gentleman a ball Thursday evening, the proceeds of which were to be devoted to paying the doctor who attended Bach during his recent indisposition. The ball was as full of rows and rections as that of Lanniglan's. Mayor Vallow has already sent one gentleman to the Workhouse, and one to jail, and fined three others for disorderly conduct.

THE General Conference of the Congregational Methodist Church, at its recent session in Mt. Jefferson, Alabama, unanimously adopted, last week, *The Sunday School*, the semi-monthly edited by Alexander Clark, of the *Methodist Record*, for use throughout the denomination. This little paper is published by the Board of Publication of the Methodist Church, but is gaining a wide circulation in other churches. It is the only Sunday School paper issued in this city, and is very handsomely conducted.

Bound song Books for 50c. to $1 25.

Messrs. Gildenfenny & Hess have just received a splendid assortment of bound Song Books, among which may be enumerated the following: Big Songster, Gad Songster, Mammoth Songster, Christy's Plantation Melodies, Forget-me-not Songster, Singer's Glee, Negro Forget-me-not Songster, Excelsior Song Songster, Ethiopian Serenaders' Own Book, Sailor Boy's Songster, Home Songster, Love Songster, American Songster, Comic Forget-me-not, Old Ireland's Vocal Gem, besides all the Dime Songsters and Novels, at Messrs. Gildenfenny and Hess's, No. 45 Fifth avenue.

Mechanics, Artisans and Laborers

Can reach the city from Castle Shannon by the Castle Shannon Railroad in ample time to be at their places of business before seven A. M., and return to the Castle Shannon after six P. M. Avoid the crowded city. Buy a lot at Castle Shannon. Remember these lots are four or five times as large as city lots, and will be sold at prices so low as to enable all to purchase. If you intend to purchase anywhere wait for the great auction sale at Castle Shannon, on Thursday, June 5th.

Novels.

All the new Novels as fast as issued, can be found at the popular bookstore of Gildenfenny & Hess, No. 45 Fifth avenue.

Fashion Books.

The ladies will find all the fashion magazines at the bookstore of Gildenfenny & Hess, No. 45 Fourth avenue.

Be Advised.

We earnestly advise our friends who intend purchasing Castle Shannon lots to examine the property of the Castle Shannon Railroad Company before permanently locating. Call at the office of the company, No. 75 Fourth avenue. Secure a free ticket to visit the property before the day of sale. There can be no doubt but you will be thoroughly pleased with the property and the prices at which you can purchase.

Do not fail to attend to their great auction sale on Thursday, June 5.

Go to Homestead on Monday, at 9 o'clock, on the free train that leaves South Pittsburgh at 7 o'clock. If you don't like the look of things, you can come back on the same train.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

A Well Known Jewelry Establishment in the Hands of a New Firm—Items of Interest Concerning the Transfer.

One of the most important events of local interest that has recently transpired is the change of proprietors at "Dunseath's" magnificent and widely celebrated jewelry mart, No. 76 Fifth avenue. This house has long been regarded as the leading one, and owing to its great popularity and the vast patronage it has hitherto enjoyed the public will learn in each case it must, without artificial stimulus, become the center of improvement; and, sound under extraordinarily liberal terms offered, it must improve and increase in value with unheard-of rapidity. If you want to get into your own house, and pay for it with the money you now pay for rent, now is your chance. This offer is made now for the first time, and may not be repeated soon.

If you want to invest your surplus in a safe and sure speculation, buy a lot where improvement must come.

The Homestead Bank.

The secret of the great success of this leading institution is that it will lead in everything. It won't buy property in any locality where it can't be first. It was the first to sell on the ten years plan. The first to sell without interest. The first to give you life insurance free. The first to build houses for purchasers of its lots. The first to give excursions, dinners and music, &c. These characteristics have all been copied by those who are satisfied to be second, but the Homestead Bank still leads very far in advance, with a proposition that eclipses all its past liberality, and makes competition stand still indeed. Its latest offer is to sell lots on ten years without interest, and take a second mortgage for nine-tenths of the purchase money, letting purchasers give a preferred or first lien mortgage to other parties to secure a loan to pay for building their houses. This is practically lending you a lot to borrow money on to build your house on, for you don't keep the lead and put all who wish it under first mortgage, only giving the lots away until and when it comes to that, no doubt the Homestead Bank will lead off; but as it is just possible that this extraordinary offer may never be repeated, those who (privately if we could) advise our friends to take advantage of it now.

Important to Heads of Families.

Purchasers of country homes should bear in mind that while property on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad is selling at from six to sixteen thousand dollars per acre, on the line of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway at from three to six thousand, on the line of the Allegheny Valley Railroad from four to six thousand, on the Pan Handle at from three to five thousand dollars, on the Connellsville Railroad, which is now being laid out, on the line of the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad at from three to five thousand dollars per acre, while on the Castle Shannon Railroad, at Castle Shannon, *they can* purchase lots at *a very much lower price* than any of these. This property is equally as accessible and as desirable as any suburban property now in or that can be brought into market. The location is beautiful, and fertile, and water abundant. Free excursion trains every hour of the day of their great auction sale, Thursday, June 5.

Go to Homestead

On Monday, at 9 o'clock, on the free train that leaves South Pittsburgh at 7 o'clock. If you don't like the look of things you can come back on the same train.

Sale by Mr. John P. Barry of Fine Suburban Lots on Eleventh Six Miles from Allegheny Depot.

That tract of land owned by John P. Barry, Esq., containing 17 SIXTEEN acres, beautifully located at Ellsworth Station (formerly known as Fleming's), on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad, has been carefully laid into eighty-three building lots, and will positively be sold without reserve at auction, on the premises, Saturday, May 24th, 1873. This property being elevated, yet at the same time level, fronting on the railroad and West End avenue, (old Beaver road), commands a splendid view of city and inland views for miles. It is emphatically one of the garden spots on the line Ft. Wayne road. These lots offer many inducements to those wishing to erect houses for themselves in some pleasant suburban district as well as an investment for speculation.

Who Get Rich?

Those who buy land! Those who understand that when real estate is unprofitable (it is never unsafe) other speculations are unsafe. Those who, if they cannot make money *surely*, invest your surplus in good saving property, where improvement is *going to take place*. If you wait till it gets there you have waited till the chance is past. The *line* of improvement is that of the lines of communication, and the great secret of success is to *never violate this law*. This is well illustrated in the case of the Homestead Bank. All its property is in locations where improvement must come without artificial stimulus; but, besides this, it always offers conditions advantageous that no body else does. Its last advance in the line of liberality is the most notable yet made by it, and is to the plan of selling lots on a second mortgage, which will be tried for the first time on Monday, at the following village of Homestead, on the P., V. and C. R. R.

Persons

Suffering from indigestion or dyspepsia should not fail to use Pearl Wheat.

Lippincott's Keystone Soda Fountains.

In the latest approved apparatus the wants of the trade have been carefully studied, and we now present an apparatus in which purity, strength and durability are combined with unequaled workmanship and elegance of design. Before purchasing, please call and examine our samples, or send for catalogue. We are able to present many new and elegant designs, and this season have many novel features to produce never before thought out. We also deal in every article appertaining to the business, especially a full line of the choicest flavors, essences of the following flavors, in pound bottles, at low prices:

Vanilla,	Raspberry,	Ginger,
Lemon,	Pineapple,	Sarsaparilla,
Strawberry,	Orange,	Fruit Acid,
Orgeat,	Sherbet,	Peach,
Nectar,	Hock,	Rose,
Coffee,	Chocolate,	Blackberry.

In an effort to produce an attractive apparatus, we have secured the assistance of Messrs. Hunt & Rhoads, 1124 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, one of the largest and most successful manufacturing firms in the country, and have combined with their skill the latest and most improved machinery, and are now prepared to offer to the trade the finest apparatus in the country. Our soda fountains are constructed on entirely new principles, and are the only ones in the market in which the ice is entirely excluded from the syrups, thus preventing the dilution of the syrups by the melting ice. Our fountains are also the only ones in the market in which the syrups are kept entirely separate from each other, thus preventing the mixing of the syrups in the pipes